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### SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

History

HIS 1 (2) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-I

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# HIS 1 (2) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-I

### (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.		- brought about a transition from	the re	ligious approach to the humanistic approach to th
	proble	ms of the world.		. (
	(A)	Reformation.	(B)	Renaissance.
	(C)	Enlightenment.	(D)	Romanticism.
2.		- actually came to be known as th	e "Atl	hens of Italy".
	(A)	Cambridge.	(B)	Florence.
	(C)	Venice.	(D)	Milan.
3.	-	— was called "the Morning Star of	Renai	ssance".
	(A)	Dante.	(B)	Bacon.
	(C)	John Wycliff.	(D)	Thomas More.
4.		— Canterbury Tales was written by	у —	7
	(A)	Shakespeare.	(B)	Erasmus.
	(C)	Chaucer.	(D)	Boccaccio.
5.	'Paradi	se Los't is the work of ———.	7,	
	(A)	Milton.	(B)	Boccaccio.
	(C)	Chaucer.	(D)	William Langland.
6.	Three e	minent painters of renaissance pe	riod, l	Leonardo Da Vinci. Michael Angelo and Raphael,
	belonge	d to the school of paintin	g four	ided by Giotto.
	(A)	Florentine.	(B)	Venetian.
	(C)	Cambridge.	(D)	Oxford.
		*		blood circulates from the heart through arteries
. 1	to differ	ent parts of the body and comes be	ack to	
	(A)	William Harvey.	(B)	Adam Smith.
1.	(C)	David Hume.	(D)	Immanuel Kant.

8.	The -	was an instrument which	indic	ated direction and helped the daring navigators,	
	who explored new lands which later changed the very face of the Earth.				
	(A)	Mariners Compass.	(B)	Barometer.	
	(C)	Telescope.	(D)	Thermo meter.	
9.		- the English priest who is called	ns 'tho	Morning Star of Reformation'.	
	(A)	John Wycliffe.	(B)	Martin Luther.	
	(C)	Henry VIII.	(D)	Erasmus.	
10.		- was an intellectual and Cultura	al Rev	volution which is usually associated with the	
	18 <sup>th</sup> ce	ntury.		OX.	
	(A)	Renaissance.	(B)	Reformation.	
	(C)	Enlightenment.	(D)	Romanticism.	
11.	The wr	iters who spread the ideas of the E	nligh	tenment were known as ———.	
	(A)	Romanists.	(B)	Positivists.	
	(C)	Philosophes.	(D)	Theologians.	
12.	Vasco o	da Gama, the Portuguese navigat	or sai	led around the cape up the east coast of Africa,	
	across t	the Indian Ocean and landed at Ca	licut	in the year ———.	
	(A)	1492.	(B)	1494.	
	(C)	1496.	(D)	1498.	
13.	The gre	eat distinction of circumnavigating	the w	orld goes to the navigator ———.	
	(A)	VascodaGama.	(B)	Christopher Columbus.	
	(C)	Ferdinand Magellan.	(D)	None of the above.	
14.	John St	tuart Mill, a ——— philosopher a	and ec	onomist led the utilitarian movement in 1800s.	
	(A)	American.	(B)	British.	
	(C)	French.	(D)	Portuguese.	
15.	Bloodle	ss Revolution of ——— marked t	he en	d of the struggle between king and parliament in	
	Englan	d.			
11	(A)	1688.	(B)	1689.	
	(C)	1690.	(D)	1691.	

16.	'Bills of	Rights' was in the year		
	(A)	1688.	(B)	1689.
	(C)	1690.	(D)	1691.
17.	Peter, t	he Great was the ruler of ———.		France. Prussia.
	(A)	England.	(B)	France.
	(C)	Russia.	(D)	Prussia.
18.	Thoma	s Hobbes was an Philosop	her.	Prussia. · English.
	(A)	Italian.	(B)	English.
	(C)	American.	(D)	Australian.
19.	The D	iscourse on the Origin of Inequality	y was	written by ———.
	(A)	Francis Bacon.	(B)	Thomas Hobbes.
	(C)	Descartes.	<b>(D)</b>	Rousseau.
20.	Who W	rote Philosophical Dictionary?		
	(A)	Voltaire.	<b>(B)</b>	Rousseau.
	(C)	Montesquieu.	(D)	Descartes.
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### SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

#### History

### HIS 1 (2) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-I

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer the questions in two or three sentences.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Renaissance.
- 2. Pico della mirandola.
- 3. Gutenberg.
- 4. Copernicus.
- 5. Huguenots.
- 6 Bartholomew Diaz
- 7. Megallan.
- 8. Physiocrates.
- 9. Bastile.
- 10. Thomas Jafferson.
- 11. Philadelphia congress.
- 12. Enclosure movement.
- 13. Powerloom.
- 14. Steam engine.
- 15. Paris commune.

(Ceiling 25 marks)

### Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the questions in 100 words. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 16. What is humanisms?
- 17. Explain counter reformation.
- 18. Discuss reformation in England.
- 19. Analyse the features of Mercantalism.
- Discuss the conflict between king and parliament.
- 21. Evaluate the chief contributions of scientific revolution.
- 22. Briefly sketch the impacts of Vienna settlement.
- 23. Account the significance of unification of Germany.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Evaluate the major impact of Renaissance.
- 25. Discuss the glorious revolution of 1688.
- 26. Analyse the causes and impacts of American war of independence.
- 27. Account the details of French Revolution.

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# SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

History

HIS 1(2) C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—I (2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

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# 2 HIS 1(2) C 01-MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)-I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who founded Brahma Samaj?

	(A)	Mohan Roy.	(B)	Benkin Chandra Chatterji.
	(C)	Tagore.	(D)	None.
2.	The bat	ttle of plassey took place in the year	r:	/ U'
	(A)	1757.	(B)	1787.
	(C)	1907.	(D)	1717.
3.	Wellese	ely came to India as governor gener	al in	
	(A)	1796.	(B)	1797.
	(C)	1798.	(D)	1799.
4.	The ba	ttle of Buxar took place in the year	: \	
	(A)	1757.	(B)	1764.
	(C)	1907.	(D)	1717.
5.	Which	was the first news paper in India?		
	(A)	Bengal Gazate.	(B)	Malayala Manorama.
	(C)	Mathrubhumi.	(D)	The Hindu.
6.	The pa	pers New India and "common weal	" wer	e started by
	(A)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	(B)	Jawahar Lal Nehru.
	(C)	Mahatma Gandhi.	(D)	Annie Besant.
7.	Who p	resided over the second session of IN	1C ?	
1	(A)	Pherozeshah Metha.	(B)	A.O. Hume.
•	(C)	Dada bhai Naoroji.	(D)	Mahatma Gandhi.

8.	. Who was the first women president of Indian National Congress?				
	(A)	Sarojini Naidu.	(B)	Annie Besant.	
	(C)	Nellie Sen Gupta.	(D)	Lakhshmi Sehgal.	
9.	Who se	tup Swadesh Bandhab Samiti to pr	opaga	ate the Swadeshi Movement ?	
	(A)	Surendra Nath Banerjee.	(B)	Rabindra Nath Tagore.	
	(C)	G.K. Gokhale.	(D)	Ashwini Kumar Dutt.	
10.	Which	of the following extremist leader m	urder	red Kennedy on April 30, 1908 ?	
	(A)	Subramaniyam Bharati.		40	
	(B)	Khudirium Bose and Prafulla Cha	aki.		
	(C)	Hema Chandra Kanungo.			
	(D)	Sachindranath Sanyal.	. <		
11.	The he	ead quarters of the Ramakrishna As	shram	am is at———.	
	(A)	Calcutta.	(B)	Bombay.	
	(C)	Delhi.	(D)	Dhakka.	
12.	Which	n part of India witnessed the revolt	of 185	57 ?	
	(A)	North India.	(B)	South India.	
	(C)	Eastern India.	(D)	North East.	
13	The tr	eaty of Sreerangapattanam was be	tween	:	
	(A)	Tipu and British.	(B)	Hyder and British.	
N	(C)	Tipu and French.	(D)	Hyder and French.	

14.	The permanent settlement was introduced on :					
	(A)	23 rd March 1792.	(B)	23 rd March 1793.		
	(C)	23 rd March 1794.	(D)	23 rd March 1795.		
15.	What v	vas the prominent reason of the out	brea	k of the Battle of Plassey ?		
	(A)	Mir Jafar.	(B)	Mir Kasim.		
	(C)	Jagat Sait.	(D)	None of them.		
16.	The go	vernor general of India came to be	know	n as Viceroy of India with effect from :		
	(A)	1855.	(B)	1856.		
	(C)	1857.	(D)	1858.		
17.	M.G. F	anade, R.G. Bhandarkar, and N.G.	Chai	ndavarkar were prominent leaders of :		
	(A)	Brahmo Samaj.	(B)	Prarthana Samaj.		
	(C)	Arya Samaj.	(D)	None of the above.		
18.	Sharad	la Ashram was set up by	-/			
	(A)	Rajaram Mohan Roy.	(B)	Pandita Rama Bai.		
	(C)	M.G. Ranade.	(D)	Tarachand.		
19.	Who w	ere first European traders settle do	wn in	India ?		
	(A)	The French.	<b>(B)</b>	The Portuguese.		
	(C)	The Dutch.	(D)	The English.		
20.	Name 1	the Irish lady who was elected first	wome	en president of Indian national Congress ?		
	(A)	Nivedita.	(B)	Mira Benh.		
	(C)	Annie Besant.	(D)	Sarojini Naidu.		
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### SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

### History

# HIS 1(2) C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—I (2019 Admissions)

Time: Two hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

### Section A (Short Answer Type)

# Answer the questions in two or three sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Chuar Revolt.
- 2. Mysore revolt.
- 3. Fakhir revolt.
- 4. Santhal Rebellion.
- 5. Poligar.
- 6. Veluthampi.
- 7. Prarthanasamag.
- 8. Vivekanand.
- 9. Jyotirao phule.
- 10. Self respect movement
- 11. M.G. Ranade.
- 12. A.O. Hume.
- 13. Bipinchandrapal.
- 14. Curzon.
- 15. Rowlat Act.

(Ceiling 25 marks)

# 2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

### Answer the questions in 100 words. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 16. Analyse the Peasant Revolt in India in 19th Century.
- 17. Discuss the Sanyasi revolt.
- 18. What is Lucknow pact?
- 19. Sketch the importance of Raja Rammohan Roy in modernisation of India.
- 20. Discuss theosophical society.
- 21. Critically analyse the role of Aligarh movement.
- 22. Discuss the programmes and strategies of Indian National Congress in the early phaze.
- 23. Critically anlayse home rule league.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions. Each question carries 10 marks. (2 out of 4).

- 24. Discuss the importance of partition of Bengal agitation and National movement.
- 25. How far the socio-religious reform movement helped the modernisation of India?
- 26. Analyse the nature and character of the revolt of 1857 in historical perspective.
- 27. Critically evaluate the circumstances that led to the formation of Indian National Congress.

(Pages: 4)

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# SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION APRIL 2020

History

### HIS 2B 02-TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# 2 HIS 2B 02—TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	In whic	h year the Chipko Movement bega	n ?	
	(A)	1970.	(B)	1982.
	(C)	1992.	(D)	1973.
2.	Project	Tiger was launched in the year :		CIV
	(A)	1973.	(B)	1965.
	(C)	2004.	(D)	1999.
3.	Subalte	ern studies first appeared as a revis	sion o	the historical narratives of which country?
	(A)	Afghanistan.	(B)	Vietnam.
	(C)	India.	(D)	Chile.
4.	Who is	the author of The Agrarian System	n of I	Mughal India ?
	(A)	Irfan Habib.	(B)	D. N. Jha.
	(C)	R. S. Sharma.	(D)	Romila Thapar.
5.	Accord	ing to Aryan Invasion Theory, whe	re did	the Aryans initially settled in India ?
	(A)	Bihar.	(B)	Punjab.
	(C)	Gujarat.	(D)	U.P.
6.	Which	historian brought out the interdisc	iplina	ry method to study ancient indian history?
	(A)	R. C. Majumdar.	(B)	D. D. Kosambi.
	(C)	R.S. Sharma	(D)	D. N. Jha.
7.	Author	r of Harshacharita ?		
	(A)	Harsha.	(B)	Kalidasa.
	(C)	Bana Bhatta.	(D)	Vagbhata.

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8.	Who is	the father of Indology?		
	(A)	James Mill.	(B)	Jonathan Duncan.
	(C)	William Bentick.	(D)	Mesolithic.
9.	Author	of Gendering Caste through a fem	inist i	Lens is:
	(A)	Romila Thapar.	(B)	Uma Chakravarti.
	(C)	Annie Besant.	(D)	Sarojini Naidu.
10.	Who w	as the Vice President of the Interi	nation	al Commission for a History of the Scientific and
	cultura	al development set up by UNESCO	?	
	(A)	R. C. Majumdar.	(B)	Irfan Habib.
	(C)	R. C. Dutt.	(D)	Satish Chandra.
11.	The 'lo	gographers' are associated with:		\(\frac{1}{2}\).
	(A)	Indian Historiography.	(B)	Cambridge Historiography.
	(C)	Greek Historiography.	(D)	Nationalist historiography
12.	Aryans	s cleared the forests in the initial st	ages ı	ising.
	(A)	Copper axe.	(B)	Iron axe.
	(C)	Fire.	(D)	Animals.
13.	Therva	da is a branch associated with :		
	(A)	Jainism.	(B)	Hinduism
	(C)	Buddhism.	(D)	Islam.
14.	The pla	ace were Bhudha was enlightened	:	
	'(A)	Kundagrammam.	(B)	Deer park.
	(C)	Gaya.	(D)	None.
15.	The 23	rd Thrithankara was :		
. 1	(A)	Parswanath.	(B)	Mahavira.
AK.	(C)	Sidharth.	(D)	Rishaba.
Cx,				

	Geneal traditio		rativ	es are the three main constituents of ———
	(A)	Ithihasa-purana.	(B)	Aranyakas.
	(C)	Vedas.	(D)	Samhitas.
17.		– is considerd as the first historical	chron	nicle of Kerala.
	(A)	Rajatarangini.	(B)	Harsha charita.
	(C)	Prithvirja vijaya.	(D)	Mushakavamsa kavya.
18.	Fatwa -	i - Jahandari is written in which	langu	nage ?
	(A)	Arabic	<b>(B)</b>	Hindi.
	(C)	Persian.	( <b>D</b> )	Sanskrit.
19.	Ain-I-A	hbari is the ——— part of Akbar-n	nama	
	(A)	First.	(B)	Second.
	(C)	Third.	(D)	Fourth.
20.	Romila	Thaper was the student of	- \	
	(A)	Basham.	(B)	Bipan Chandra.
	(C)	Eric Hobsbawn.	(D)	Kosambi.
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# SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION APRIL 2020

### History

### HIS 2B 02-TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer the questions in two or three sentences.

Each question carries 2 marks.

(Ceiling 25 marks).

- Jain Agamas.
  - 2. Kavyas.
  - 3. Banabhatta.
  - 4. Kitab-al-Hind.
  - 5. Amir Khusrau.
  - 6. Indology.
  - 7. The History of British India.
  - 8. Elamkulam P.N. Kunjan Pillai.
  - 9. Asiatic Mode of Production.
- 10. Hydraulic Society.
- 11. Irfan Habib.
- 12. Dipesh Chakraborthy.
- 13. Cambridge School of historiography.
- 14. Uma Chakravarti.
- 15. Environmental History.

(Ceiling - 25)

# 2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the question in 100 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

(Ceiling 35 marks).

- 16. How far Itihasas and puranas are considered as historical sources?
- 17. Critically examine the historical writings of the Sultanate period.
- 18. Assess the role of William Jones to the introduction of colonial historiography in India
- 19. Account the contributions of K.P. Jayswal to the nationalist historiography.
- 20. Write an essay oriental despotism.
- 21. Analyse the features of the Aryan Racial Supremacy Theory.
- 22. Write an essay on gender history.
- 23. Account the contributions of the New Cambridge School to the historical writings of India.

(Ceiling - 35)

### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Trace the development of historical consciousness in Pre-British India.
- 25. Describe the characteristic features of the nationalist historiography.
- 26. Bring out the contributions of Romila Thapar to the historiography of India.
- 27. Trace the development of the subaltern studies in India.

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# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION APRIL 2020

History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)
INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCE (1857-1885) AND INDIAN
NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885-1917)

(2014-2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
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# HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCE (1857-1885) AND INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885-1917)

### (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Indian	National Congress was formed in		<del></del> .
	(A)	1875.	(B)	1885.
	(C)	1875.	(D)	1895.
2.		ast India Association was founded tired British officials in London.	by	in 1866, in collaboration with Indians
	(A)	Dadabhai Naoroji.	(B)	Ramgopal Ghosh.
	(C)	Peary chand mitra.	(D)	Krishnadas Pal.
3.		autobiography is, A Nation	in Me	iking (1925).
	(A)	Surendranath Banerjea's.	(B)	B.G. Tilak's.
	(C)	Mahatma Gandhi's.	(D)	P.Rangaiah Naidu's.
4.	The In	dian National Congress was founde	ed in l	December 1885 at
	(A)	Kolhapur.	(B)	Bombay.
	(C)	Allahabad.	(D)	Cochin.
5.		is called the 'Grand Old Mar	of In	dia' and the 'Father of Indian Nationalism'.
	(A)	Dadhabai Naoroji.	(B)	Radhanath Sikder.
. \	(C)	Govindachandra Basak.	(D)	Amritalal Mitra.
6.	1892 aı	was a member of parliamen	t in tl	he United Kingdom House of Commons between
	(A)	Gopala Krishna Gokhale.	(B)	Dadhabai Naoroji.
	(C)	Bhabani Charan Mitra.	(I))	George Thompson.

7.		was a follower of Mahadev F	lanade	, popularly known as the socretes of Maharashtra.
	(A)	Tarachand Chakravarty.	(B)	D.R. Mukhopadhyaya.
	(C)	Gopala Krishna Gokhale.	(D)	Raja radhakant dev.
8.		edited the journal of Poo	na Sar	vajanik Sabha.
	(A)	Ramtanu lahiri.	(B)	Maheshchandra Ghose.
	(C)	Gopala Krishna Gokhale.	(D)	Sibchandra Deb.
9.			ary of	the Indian National Congress and later in 1905
	preside	ed over the Banaras session.	-	(0)
	(A)	Surendranath Banerjea.	(B)	Prithwishchandra Ray.
	(C)	Gopala Krishna Gokhale.	( <b>D</b> )	K.K. Mitra
10.		laid the foundation of the	'serva	ants of India society'.
	(A)	Gopala Krishna Gokhale.	(B)	Surendranath Banerjea.
	(C)	K.K. Mitra.	(D)	Prithwishchandra Ray.
11.	On 12t	h December — the pa	rtition	of Bengal was cancelled.
	(A)	1811.	(B)	1876.
	(C)	1885.	(D)	1911.
12.		——— became Dadabhai Naoroji	's priv	ate secretary.
	(A)	Madame Bhikaji Cama.	(B)	Shyamaji Krishnavarma.
	(C)	Veer Savarkar.	(D)	V.V.S. Iyer.
13.	-	participated in the Congr	ess of	the Second International at Stuttgart in 1907.
N	(A)	Ajith Singh.	(B)	Bankim Chandra Chaterjee.
N	(C)	Chambakaraman Pillai.	(D)	Madame Bhikaji Cama.

14.	After 1909 Madame Bhikaji Cama published two revolutionary periodicals, Talwar and Bando Mataram from —————.			
	Matara	ım ırom ———.		
	(A)	Geneva.	(B)	Athens.
	(C)	Sparta.	(D)	Japan.
15.	In 191	6, ——— founded Home Ru	le Lea	gue which advocated self rule by Indians.
	(A)	Annie Besant.	(B)	Shyamaji Krishnavarma.
	(C)	Veer Savarkar.	(D)	V.V.S. lyer.
16.		oire a sense of unity, ——————i i Jayanti'.	- intro	duced the festivals like 'Ganesh Chaturthi' and
	(A)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	(B)	Annie Besant.
	(C)	Krishnamohan Bndyopadhyay.	(D)	Rashik Krishna Mallik.
17.	Who ca	lled the 1857 revolt as the first wa	r of I	ndian Independence :
	(A)	Dada Bhai Naoroji.	(B)	V.D. Savarkar.
	(C)	A.L. Mehtha.	(D)	RC Majumdar.
18.	3. Dayanatha Saraswathy founded ———.			
	(A)	Arya samaj.	(B)	Prarthana samaj.
	(C)	Algarh Movement.	(D)	Phule.
19.	Which	part of India witnessed the revolt i	n 185	7 ?
	(A)	North India.	(B)	South India.
	(C)	Eastern India.	(D)	North east.
20.	The rev	olt of 1857 was "Neither first nor v	var of	Independence" whose remarks was this?
	(A)	R.C. Majumdar.	(B)	J.L. Nehru.
. 1	(C)	Disraeli.	(D)	Churchil.
1	1			

(Pages: 3)

Reg. No.....

# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION APRIL 2020

#### History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)
INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCE (1857-1885) AND INDIAN
NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885-1917)

(2014-2018 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A

I. Answer all questions. Each question carries 1/2 mark :

### Вимсн І

- 1 Which of the Congress Session adopted the song "Vande Mataram"?
- 2 The Newspaper Common Wheal was published by.
- 3 The first President of Indian National Congress was.
- 4 The Founder of Indian Patriotic Association.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Buncu II

- 5 The partition of Bengal was repealed in the year -
- 6 Surat split took place in the year -
- 7 Separate electorate system was introduced in the year.
- 8 The Grand old man of India is -

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

#### BUNCH III

#### Match A with B:

Α		В
		В

Founder

9 Arya Samaj Raja Ram Mohan Rov.

10 Brahma Samai В Swami Dayanand Sarawathy

Rama Krishna Mission Devedra Nath Tagore.

12 TattvabodhiniSabha D Swami Vivekananda.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section B

- II. Answer any seven in 50 words. Each question carries 2 marks
  - 13 Boycott programmes.

Organisation

- 14 Ilbert Bill.
- Vivekananda.
- Abhinav Bharat.
- Vernacular Press Act.
  - Political Mendicancy.
- 19 SNDP.
- Partition of Bengal.

## 3 Section C

- III. Answer any five in 150 words. Each question carries 6 marks :
  - 22 What are the causes of the failure of Moderates?
  - 23 Give an account on Separate Electorate System.
  - 24 Sketch the career of Gopala Krishna Gokhale.
  - 25 Write a note on the formation of the Muslim League.
  - 26 Assess the significance of Swadeshi Movement.
  - 27 Give an account on Home Rule Movement.
  - 28 Explain the impact of Drain of Wealth on Indian Economy.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section D (Essay)

- IV. Answer any two in 350 words. Each question carries 15 marks :
  - 29 What are the Causes of the rise of Extremism? Assess their significance in the history of Freedom struggle.
  - 30 Estimate the role of Annie Besant and Tilak in the field of National Movement.
  - 31 Analyse the influence of Cultural Icons in the growth of Indian Nationalism.
  - 32 Evaluate the role played by Newspaper in popularising the National Movement among the masses.

C 82519-B

(Pages: 2)

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Reg.	No

### SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS---UG)

History

HIS 1(2) C07-TOURISM AND HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVES

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.

### Section A (Short Notes)

- Write short notes of the following questions: Maximum 25 marks:
   Domestic Tourism.
   Park Era of Tourism.
   Dark Era of Tourism.
  - 3 Hieuntsang. 4 Travel Accounts.
  - 5 Thomas Cook. 6 Pilgrim Tourism.
  - 7 Adventure Tourism. 8 Beach Tourism.
  - 9 Health Tourism. 10 Responsible Tourism.
  - 11 Multiplier Effect. 12 Environmental Pollution.
  - 13 Depletion of Natural Resources. 14 Wildlife Tourism.
  - 15 Marcopolo.

 $(15 \times 2 = Max. 25 marks)$ 

#### Section B (Short Essays)

- II. Answer all of the following: Maximum 35 marks:
  - 16 Discuss the significance of natural and cultural heritages in Tourism.
  - 17 Describe the relation between history and tourism.
  - 18 What are the important classifications of tourism? Discuss.
  - 19 Give an account of the travel in ancient era.
  - 20 Examine the impact of Industrial revolution on the development of travel.
  - 21 Write an essay on eco tourism.

2 C 82519-B

- 22 How far tourism generated employment opportunities?
- 23 Discuss the various threats of tourism on natural habitats.

(8 × 5 = Max. 35 marks)

### Section C (Long Essays)

- III. Answer any two of the following in essay form :
  - 24 Write an essay on the historical background of travel and tourism.
  - 25 Examine the impact of geographical explorations on travel.
  - 26 What are the important positive impacts of tourism on environment?
  - 27 Discuss the transport developments in the 20th Century.

Reg.	No

# SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2020

(CBCSS—UG)

History

### HIS 1 (2) C 06-HISTORY OF JOURNALISM-I

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer the questions in two or three sentences.

Each question carries 2 marks. [Ceiling: 25 marks].

- Cuneiform.
- 2. Code of Hammurabi.
- 3. John Milton.
- 4. Fourth Estate.
- 5. Diamond Sutra.
- 6. On-line journalism.
- 7. Hermann Gundert.
- 8. Gentlemen's Magazine.
- 9. Imagined Communities
- 10. BBC.
- 11. The Guardian.
- 12. James Augustus Hicky.
- 13. Sting operation.
- 14. UNI.
- 15. Offset

(Ceiling: 25 marks)

# 2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the questions in 100 words.

Each question carries 5 marks. [Ceiling: 35 marks]

- 16. Explain the primitive type of journalism practiced in ancient Rome and China.
- 17. Give an account on the emergence of early newspapers in England.
- 18. Analyse the concept of freedom of press outlined in Areopagitica.
- 19. Assess the role of Guttenberg in the invention of modern print technology.
- 20. Discuss the causative factors for the rise of popular press in the 19th century.
- 21. Give an account on the Journalistic career of Joseph Pulitzer.
- 22. Examine the intervention of corporate bodies in journalism.
- 23. Trace out the modern technological developments in print journalism.

(Ceiling: 35 marks)

## Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions. Each question carries 10 marks (2 out of 4).

- 24. Assess the significance of Print Revolution in the making of modern world.
- 25. Trace out the development of print journalism through popular newspapers.
- 26. Give an account on the various news agencies emerged in different nation states.
- 27. Discuss the contemporary situation in popular journalism.

C 82518 (Pages: 2) Name......

### SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

HIS 1(2) C05-ARCHAEOLOGY IN INDIA-I

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer the questions in two or three sentences.

Each question carries 2 marks.

(Ceiling 25 marks)

Single cultural site.
 Assen

3. Artifact.

5. Tell.

7. Salvage arci:aeclogy.

9. Aerial photography.

11. Industry.

Numismatics.
 Deskton survey.

2. Assemblage.

A.E.Douglass.

6. Datum point.

8. Epigraphy.

10. Exploration.

Pitt Rivers.
 Mortimer Wheeler.

### Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the questions in 100 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

- 16. Concept of culture.
- 17. Relationship between archaeology and Zoology.
- 18 Different methods to locate a site.
- 19. What is relative dating?
- Different methods used in sampling.
- 21. Stratigraphy.

- 22. Define archeology and point out its major goals.
- 23. What are the principles to be followed in an excavation?

### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

(2 out of 4)

- 24. What is Absolute dating? Explain any three absolute dating techniques.
- 25. What are the different kinds of archaeology? Discuss any four.
- 26. What do you mean by excavation? Discuss any three Excavation methods.
- 27. Discuss the relationship of archaeology with science disciplines.

- 22. Examine the transformation of Iraq from Monarchy to Republic.
- 23. Write an essay on the Khilafath Movement.

### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Examine the geographical importance of the Middle East.
- 25. Trace the development of ethnic groups and languages in the Middle East.
- 26. Discuss the various stages of the development of Arab nationalism.
- 27. Discuss the impact of the First World War on Arab World.

C 82517 (Pages : 2) Name.....

Reg. No.....

### SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

HIS 1(2) C04-WEST ASIAN STUDIES-I

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer the questions in two or three sentences Each question carries 2 marks.

(Ceiling 25 marks)

1. Kurds.

2. Shias.

3. Suez Canal Crises.

PLO.

First World War.

Jamaludhin Afghani.
 Mohammed Abdu.

7. Baa'thism.
9. Zionism.

10. Young Turk Movement.

11. Musthafa Kamal Pasha.

12. Amir Faisal.

KAMALISM.

14. Pahlavi Dynasty.

Republic of Turkey.

### Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the question in 100 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

- 16. Trace the process of emigration of Jews into Palestine.
- 17. Write a note on the British occupation of Egypt.
- 18. Examine the significance of the Wahabi Movement.
- 19. Briefly sketch the activities of Pan Islamic Movement.
- 20. Explain the growth and development of Arab socialism.
- Bring out the contributions of Rashid Ridha to Islamic resurgence.

C 82516-A	(Pages : 4)	Name

Reg. No.....

### SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

HIS 1(2)C 03-SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN-I

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# HIS 1(2)C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—I

# (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	What	is the Constitutional name	of the Britain	?	
	(A)	United Kingdom of Grea	Britain and N	orthern Ircland.	,(
	(B)	United Kingdom of Great	l Britain and F	Republic of Ireland.	
	(C)	United Kingdom of Engl	and and North	ern Ireland.	
	(D)	United Kingdom of Britis	sh Islands.		, (J)
2.		Neolithic group, the Beak 00 B.C.	er Folk, migra	ated from ————	—, probably between 2500
	(A)	Northern Europe.	(B)	Southern Europe.	
	(C)	Western Europe.	(D)	South America.	
3.	The la	st pre-historic invaders of	Britain were –	- <del>c</del> }'	
	(A)	The Celts.	(B)	Romans.	
	(C)	Normans.	(D)	Danes.	
4.		was the first Eng	lish poet.		
	(A)	Caedmon.	(B)	Edwin.	
	(C)	Gregory.	(D)	Augustine.	
5.	Alfred	the Great was the king of			
	(A)	Northumbria.	(B)	Wessex.	
	(C)	Mercia.	(D)	Essex.	
6.		was the youngest	son of King E	thelwulf and his wife	, Osberga.
	(A)	Alfred the Great.	(B)	Guthrum.	
	(C)	William I.	(D)	King John.	
7.	The Do	omsday Book is connected	with the king	<del></del> .	
	(A)	Sir Thomas More.	(B)	Queen Mary I.	
1	(C)	William the Conqueror.	(D)	Alfred the Great.	

8.	In 1095 face the	Pope preached t common threat?	he Cru	sade appealing to all Christian Kings to unite and
	(Λ)	Urban II.	(B)	John XXIII.
	(C)	Sir Thomas More.	(D)	John Milton.
9.		agreed to the demands		barons by signing a document known as the Magna
	(A)	Richard 1.		Henry II.
	(C)	Edward VI.		King John.
10.	John o	f Gaunt was the Duke of ———		
	(A)	London.	(B)	York.
	(C)	Canterbury.	(D)	Lancaster.
11.		is best remembered for	r The C	anterbury Tales.
	(A)	Geoffrey Chaucer.	(B)	Sir Thomas More.
	(C)	John Milton.	(D)	William Shakespeare.
12.		followers were called L	ollards	
	(A)	John Wycliffe.	(B)	Henry IV.
	(C)	Martin Luther.	(D)	Chaucer.
13.	Who is	the author of the book 'England	under	Tudors and Stuarts'?
	(A)	Sir Thomas More.	(B)	Robert Raynes.
	(C)	John Milton.	(D)	William Shakespeare.
14.	Who wa	as the second Tudor King?		
	(A)	Queen Mary I.	(B)	Henry VIII.
	(C)	James 1.	(D)	Charles I.
15	The Bl	ack Death was		
	(A)	A literary intellectual movement		
1)	(B)	A social movement.		
	(C)	The terrible plague bringing pov	ertv :	nd unrest.
	(D)	A revolt against Edward III.		Turn over

## SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

#### History

## HIS 1(2)C 03-SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN-1

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A

Short Answer Type.

Answer the questions in two or three sentences.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Battle of Edington.
- 2. The Canterbury Tales.
- 3. William the Conqueror.
- 4. Conversion of Kent.
- 5. Magna Carta.
- 6. Poor Laws.
- 7. Battle of Castillion.
- 8. Chivalry.
- 9. Lollards.
- 10. Henry VII.
- 11. Sir Thomas More.
- 12. A Midsummer Night's Dream.
- 13. John Knox.
- 14. Anglican Church.
- Mercantilism.

(Ceiling 25 marks)

Reg. No.....

Turn over

#### Section B

# Paragraph Type. Answer the questions in 100 words. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 16. Sketch out the geographical features of British Isles.
- 17. Evaluate the contributions of Alfred the Great.
- 18. Bring out the Roman conquest of Britain.
- 19. Write a note on Hundred Years War.
- 20. Bring out the features of Feudal Manor.
- 21. Write a note on Medieval Universities.
- 22. Point out the rise and growth of middle class in Elizabethan age
- 23. Write briefly on the formation of English East India Company.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

### Section C

Essay Type
Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Give an estimate of the Pre-historic cultures of Britain.
- 25. Discuss mainly on the Crusades and its impact on England.
- 26. Bring out the contributions of Geoffrey Chaucer to English Literature.
- 27. Analyse the establishment and nature of Tudor monarchy.

(Pages: 4)

Name	 	 

Reg. No.....

## SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

## HIS 1 (2) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-I

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

## HIS 1 (2) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Before	the invention of the ———, Know	vledge	was the privilege of the wealthy people.
	(A)	Gun powder.	(B)	Mariner's Compass.
	(C)	Printing press.	(D)	Computer.
2.		- actually came to be known as the	"Ath	ens of Italy".
	(A)	Cambridge.	(B)	Florence.
	(C)	Venice.	(D)	Milan.
3.		ers Church in Rome, the huge done e of the Renaissance architecture.	ne of	which was designed by ——— was the finest
	(A)	Michael Angelo.	<b>(B)</b>	Leonardo Da Vinci.
	(C)	Raphael.	(D)	Diderot.
4.		orentine School and the Venetian ned during the renaissance period i		ol were two important schools of painting that
	(A)	England.	(B)	Germany.
	(C)	Scotland.	(D)	Italy.
5.		— was "the Father of Modern Scien	ce".	
	(A)	Isaac Newton.	(B)	Descartes.
	(C)	Roger Bacon.	(D)	Thucydides.
6.		pook, "In Praise of Folly", ————————————————————————————————————	bitter	ly denounced the worldliness and vulgarity of the
	(A)	Thomas More.	(B)	Erasmus.
	(C)	Martin Luther.	(D)	John Wycliffe.
7.	Martin	Luther was the greatest leader of	the R	eformation Movement in ———.
1	(A)	Italy.	(B)	Germany.
	(C)	England.	(D)	Scotland.

The Fr	French Protestants were called the ———.							
(A)	Protestants.	(B)	Anglicans.					
(C)	Puritance.	(D)	Huguenots.					
	- was an intellectual and Cultura	al Rev	volution which is usually associated with the					
18 <sup>th</sup> ce	ntury.							
(A)	Renaissance.	(B)	Reformation.					
(C)	Enlightenment.	(D)	Romanticism.					
			st of Africa and went as far as the cape of storms,					
		Hope	by the Portuguese King as it gave definite hope of					
	_							
(A)	Vasco da Gama.	(B)	Barthalomio Dias.					
(C)	Amerigo Vespucci.	(D)	Ferdinand Magellan.					
An Ital	ian sailor left the Spanis	h por	t in August 1492 and set foot on Small Island in					
West Indies in October, 1492 A.D.								
(A)	Ferdinand Magellan.	(B)	Vasco da Gama.					
(C)	Christopher Columbus.	(D)	Amerigo Vespucci.					
The Be	elgian historian ———— formulate	d the t	heory of the 'revival of long distance trade' for the					
decline	of feudalism.							
(A)	Henrie Pirenne.	(B)	March Bloc.					
(C)	Arnold J Toyenbee.	(D)	Francis Bacon.					
	– inaugurated the Stuart Dynasty	in E	ngland.					
(A)	James I.	(B)	James II					
(C)	Charles I.	(D)	Charles II.					
Bills of	Rights' was in the year							
(A)	1688.	(B)	1639.					
(C)	1690.	(D)	1691. Turn over					
	(A) (C)  18 <sup>th</sup> ce (A) (C)  In 148t discove (A) (C)  An Ital West Ir (A) (C)  The Be decline (A) (C)  (C)  (Bills of (A)	(C) Puritance.  —— was an intellectual and Cultural 18th century.  (A) Renaissance.  (C) Enlightenment.  In 1486 A.D. —— sailed along the We which later renamed as the Cape of Good discovering a new sea-route to the East.  (A) Vasco da Gama.  (C) Amerigo Vespucci.  An Italian sailor —— left the Spanis West Indies in October, 1492 A.D.  (A) Ferdinand Magellan.  (C) Christopher Columbus.  The Belgian historian —— formulated decline of feudalism.  (A) Henrie Pirenne.  (C) Arnold J Toyenbee. —— inaugurated the Stuart Dynasty  (A) James I.  (C) Charles I.  'Bills of Rights' was in the year ——  (A) 1688.	(A) Protestants. (B) (C) Puritance. (D)  —— was an intellectual and Cultural Rev. 18th century. (A) Renaissance. (B) (C) Enlightenment. (D)  In 1486 A.D. —— sailed along the West coa which later renamed as the Cape of Good Hope discovering a new sea-route to the East. (A) Vasco da Gama. (B) (C) Amerigo Vespucci. (D)  An Italian sailor —— left the Spanish por West Indies in October, 1492 A.D. (A) Ferdinand Magellan. (B) (C) Christopher Columbus. (D)  The Belgian historian —— formulated the todecline of feudalism. (A) Henrie Pirenne. (B) (C) Arnold J Toyenbee. (D)  —— inaugurated the Stuart Dynasty in Ending and the Stuar					

15.	Peter,	the Great was the ruler of		
	(A)	England.	(B)	France.
	(C)	Russia.	(D)	Prussia.
16.	and ear			ho tried to establish absolute monarchy in Europe rated and the most controversial absolute monarch $\overset{\cdot}{v^{\cdot}}$
	(A)	England.	(B)	France.
	(C)	Russia.	(D)	Prussia.
17.	The Ar	nerican Revolution or the War of	Americ	can Independence broke out in the year -
				rge III and came to a close in 1783 A.D.
	(A)	1775.	(B)	1776.
	(C)	1777.	(D)	1778.
18.	'Medito	ations on First Philosophy' was wri	tten b	у
	(A)	Francis Bacon.	(B)	Thomas Hobbes.
	(C)	Descartes.	(D)	Rousseau.
19.	'The Co	onfessions' was the Autobiography	of —	<del></del> .
	(A)	Francis Bacon.	(B)	Thomas Hobbes.
	(C)	Descartes.	(D)	Rousseau.
20.		-'s most famous work was 'A Trea	tise fo	r Toleration'.
	(A)	Voltaire.	(B)	Rousseau.
	(C)	Montesquieu.	(D)	Descartes.
. 1	1			
N	*			
C,				

C 82515 (Pages : 2) Name.....

Reg.	No

## SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

#### HIS 1 (2) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-I

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer the questions in two or three sentences. Each question carries 2 marks. (Ceiling 25 marks).

- 1. Leonardo Da Vinci.
- 2. Humanism.
- 3. Lutheranism.
- 4. Zwingli.
- David Hume.
- 6. Henry the Navigator.
- 7. Commercial Revolution.
- 8. Voltaire.
- 9. Declaration of Rights.
- 10. Napoleon.
- 11. Enlightenment philosophy.
- 12. Vienna Settlement.
- 13. Industrialization.
- 14. Mussolini.
- 15. Mein Kamph.

(Ceiling: 25 marks)

Turn over

## 2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the question in 100 words.

Each question carries 5 marks. (Ceiling 35 marks).

- 16. Write a note on renaissance architecture.
- 17. Examine the various factors which led to the emergence of reformation.
- 18. Write an essay on the Scientific Revolution and its impacts.
- 19. Briefly sketch the features of mercantilism.
- 20. What were the important results of the glorious Revolution?
- 21. Write a note on enlightenment philosophy.
- 22. Assess the role of George Washington in the American War of Independence.
- 23. Briefly describe the process of German unification.

(Ceiling: 35 marks)

## Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Bring out the characteristic features of the renaissance.
- 25. Account on the role played by the new world views which legitimized the colonialism.
- 26. Assess the role of Napoleon to redrawing the political map of Europe.
- 27. Describe the various stages of the industrialisation.

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(Pages: 4)

Name	
Reg. No	

### SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

HIS 1(2) C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—I
(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

## HIS 1(2) C01-MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)-I

## (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

			cions	101 ODE Candidates)
ι.	In 1917	Annie Besant was elected ———	— of	the Indian National Congress.
	(A)	Vice Roy.	(B)	Chief Executive Officer.
	(C)	Manager.	(D)	President.
2.	The Ba	ttle of Plassey took place in the yea	r:	
	(A)	1757.	(B)	1787.
	(C)	1907.	(D)	1717.
3.	India s	struggle for Independence is a book	edite	ed by :
	(A)	Bipan Chandra.	(B)	Satish Chandra.
	(C)	Sumit Sarkar.	(D)	None.
1.	SNDI	P formed in the year ———.	,	G)
	(A)	1905.	(B)	1903.
	(C)	1914.	(D)	None.
5.		any branches of Home rule league	< /	V
•			ulu D	ar Gangadhar Thak Setup !
	(A)	6.	(B)	8.
	(C)	10.	(D)	18.
3.				ongress; A safety valve for the escape of great and
	growing	g forces generated by our own actio	ns wa	as urgently needed ?
	(A)	A. O. Hume.	(B)	M.A. Jinnah.
	(C)	Bal Ganghadhar Tilak.	(D)	Bipin Chandra Pal.
7.	Who pr	resided over the second session of I	NC?	
	(A)	Pherozeshah Metha.	(B)	A. O. Hume.
1	(C)	Dadabhai Naoroji.	(D)	Mahatma Gandhi.
	11,			
1				

8.	The Re	volt of 1857 began at ———.		
	(A)	Delhi.	(B)	Mccrut.
	(C)	Allahabad.	(D)	None.
9.	Who ab	oolished Dyarchy system?		
	(A)	Warren Hastings.	(B)	Lord Curzon.
	(C)	Cornwallis.	(D)	Minto.
10.	Who w	as the first Martyr of the Revolt?		, ()'
	(A)	Mangal Pandey.	(B)	Nehru.
	(C)	Rani Lakshmi Bhai.	(D)	Tantio Tope.
11.	India S	Struggle for Independence is a book	edite	d by:
	(A)	Bipin Chandra.	(B)	Satis Chandra.
	(C)	Sumit Sarkar.	(D)	None.
12.	Whose	tomb is at Bristol?		
	(A)	Rajaram Mohan Roy.	(B)	William Bentinck.
	(C)	Vivekananda.	(D)	None.
13.	What d	loes the meaning peshwa means?		
	(A)	A great personality.	(B)	A great commander of the Army.
	(C)	Head of justice department.	(D)	Leader or Prime Minister.
14.	M.G. R	anade, R.G. Bhandarkar, and N.G.	Chai	ndavarkar were prominent leaders of :
	(A)	Brahmo Samaj.	(B)	Prarthana Samaj.
	(C)	Arya Samaj.	(D)	None of the above.
15.	Eightee	en fifty seven is a book by ———		
	(A)	J.L. Nehru.	(B)	S.N. Sen.
. 1	(C)	S.B. Choudari.	(D)	Tarachand.
u	1			

16.	Which	of the following was not the effect	of 185	57 revolt ?
	(A)	East India Company's administra	tion v	vas directly taken by the British Parliament.
	(B)	Army was re-organised.		
	(C)	Indians were given remission of t	axes.	. (
	(D)	A new attitude developed on Indi	an Sta	ates.
17. \	Who an	nong the following is considered as	the G	rand mother of Indian revolutionary movement?
	(A)	Sarojini Naidu.		Lakshmibai, the Rani of Jhansi.
	(C)	Annie Besant.	(D)	Madam Cama.
18. \	Who wa	as the Viceroy when Bengal partio	n was	cancelled ?
	(A)	Hardinge II.	(B)	Curzon.
	(C)	Cornwallis.	(D)	Minto.
19. I	Bal Gai	ngadhar Tilak born on ————.		SI'
	(A)	23rd July 1866.	(B)	23rd July 1876.
	(C)	23rd July 1846.	(D)	23rd July 1856.
20. V	Which o	of the following personality is consi	dered	as father of Indian Unrest?
	(A)	Pandit Nehru.	(B)	Mahatma Gandhi.
	(C)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	(D)	Subash Chandra Bose.
CHIM	+	IBRARY		

- 22. Trace the history of the formation of the Muslim League.
- 23. Examine the significance of the Lucknow Pact.

#### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Critically examine the land reforms and taxation system introduced by the Britishers in India
- 25. How far Raja Ram Mohan Roy considered as the father of Indian renaissance? Discuss.
- 26. Bring out the contributions of the Moderates to the freedom struggle of India.
- 27. Write an essay on the Swadeshi and Boycott Movement.

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(Pages: 2)

Name	
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## SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

HIS 1(2) C01-MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)-!

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

3. Sanvasi rebellion.

Sathvasodhak Samai.

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer the auestions in two or three sentences.

Each question carries 2 marks.

(Ceiling 25 marks)

.

Treaty of Purandar.
 Santhal rebellion.

Bahadur Shah Zafar.

Sati.
 Back to the vedas'.

8. Parliament of World Religions in 1893.

9. Indian Association. 10. A.O.Hume.

11. Theory of Safety Valve. 12. Drain Theory.

13. Partition of Bengal. 14. Ghadar Party.

15. Annie Besant.

#### Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the question in 100 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

- $16. \ \ \, \text{Discuss the various methods of the Britishers to consolidate their power in India}.$
- 17. What were the important causes of the 1857 Revolt?
- 18. Briefly sketch the activities of the Arya Samaj.
- 19. Assess the role of Sree Narayana Guru to the eradication of social evils in Kerala.
- 20. Discuss the factors that led to the emergence of nationalism.
- 21. Write a note on Drain Theory.

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(Pages: 4)

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#### SECOND SEMESTER B.A/B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

#### HIS 2B 02-TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 20 Marks

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

## HIS 2B 02-TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who wrote the book Economy of Permanence?

	(A)	M.K. Gandhi.	(B)	Sundarlal Bahuguna.
	(C)	J.C. Kumarappa.	(D)	K.M. Munshi.
2.	In whic	ch year the Government of India lil	eralis	sed its economy?
	(A)	1995.	(B)	1991.
	(C)	1969.	(D)	1951.
3.	Accord	ing to the Cambridge interpretation	n, the	roots of politics lay in ———.
	(A)	Localities like district, the municipal	pality,	the village.
	(B)	Intellectual forums.		
	(C)	Consciouness of the people.		CI,
	(D)	History.		2
4.	Who is	the author of The Agrarian System	n of M	lughal India ?
	(A)	Irfan Habib.	(B)	D.N. Jha.
	(C)	R.S. Sharma.	(D)	Romila Thapar.
5.	GHG s	tands for :		
	(A)	Green House Grant.	(B)	Green House Gas.
	(C)	Geographical House Grant.	(D)	Green Hosting Gear.
6.	Accordi	ing to Aryan Invasion Theory, whe	re did	the Aryans initially settled in India?
	(A)	Bihar.	(B)	Punjab.
	(C)	Gujarat.	(D)	U.P.
7.	Accordi	ing to D.D. Kosambi, interpretation	of my	ths is ————, in order to study early cultures.
1	(A)	Unnecessary.	(B)	Irrelevant.
7	(C)	Necessary.	(D)	A burden.
١.	,0,			

8. 1	Who wr	ote Urban Decay in India ?		
	(A)	R.S. Sharma.	·(B)	Ranajith Guha.
	(C)	D.N. Jha.	(D)	Romila Thapar.
9. 1	Who is	the author of Asoka and the Declin	e of N	Mauryas ?
	(A)	Bipan Chandra.	(B)	R. C. Majumdar.
	(C)	Romila Thapar.	(D)	Satish Chandra.
l0.	Which	of the following distinguish the Ve	dic Aı	ryans form the Indus people ?
	(A)	Belief in supernatural powers.	(B)	Cultivation of land.
	(C)	Domestication of animals.	(D)	Use of iron.
11.	Feristh	a serves as a historian under the –		
	(A)	Khiljis.	(B)	Lodis.
	(C)	Mughals.	(D)	Adil Shahis
12.	Which	Magadhan ruler is known as Amit	rocha	tes ?
	(A)	Samudragupta.	(B)	Bindusara.
	(C)	Asoka.	(D)	Chandragupta.
13.	Who is	known as the "father of qawwali"	2	
	(A)	Ferishta.	(B)	Amir Khusro.
		Al-beruni.	(D)	Ibn Batuta.
14.	Autho	r of Gendering Caste through a fem	inist l	
	(A)	< \ \	(B)	Uma Chakravarti.
	(C)		(D)	Sarojini Naidu.
15.				ies involved in the selection of the tribal chief?
	(A)	<b>Y</b>	(B)	Samiti.
	(C	) Vidata.	(D)	Gana.
D	7			

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16.	The Ri	g, yajur, sama vedas are together k	nown	as:
,	(A)	Samhita.	(B)	Sruti.
	(C)	Trijana.	(D)	Tri veda.
17.	Whose	work is Shudras in Ancient India	?	(C)
	(A)	Romila Thapar.	(B)	R. S. Sharma.
	(C)	Ranajit Guha.	(D)	Kancha Illaiah.
18.	Which	of the following regions were not k	nown	to even the later vedic people?
	(A)	The Kaveri Delta.	(B)	The two seas.
	(C)	The entire gangetic valley.	(D)	The Vindhyas.
19.	Who is	the founder of the Nanda dynasty	?	7
	(A)	Dhana Nanda.	(B)	Mahapadma Nanda.
	(C)	Mahipala.	(D)	Marthanda.
20.	Who is	the author of Mrichakatika?	. ,	2
	(A)	Bharavi.	(B)	Sudraka.
	(C)	Bhasa.	(D)	Bana Bhatta.
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Name.....

Reg. No.....

### SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

History

#### HIS 2B 02-TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum · 80 Marks

#### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer the questions in two or three sentences.

Each question carries 2 marks.

(Ceiling 25 Marks)

- 1. Ithihasas.
- 2. Vinaya Pitaka.
- 3. Kalhana.
- 4. Baburnama.
- 5. Asiatic Society of Bengal.
- 6. Great Men Theory.
- 7. Vincent A Smith.
- 8. Nationalist historiography.
- 9. Orientalism.
- 10. Asiatic Mode of Production.
- 11. Aryan Racial Supremacy Theory.
- Hydraulic Society.
- 13. D.D. Kosambi.
- 14. Ranajith Guha.
- 15. C.A. Bayly.

## 2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the question in 100 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

- 16. Critically examine the historicity of the puranas.
- 17. Account the contributions of Al-Biruni to the medieval historiography.
- 18. Write an essay on Indology.
- 19. Describe the contributions of K.A.N.Sastri to the nationalist historiography.
- 20. Account the historical contributions of James Mill.
- 21. Trace the development of environmental history in India.
- 22. Bring out the features of Subaltern Studies.
- 23. Write an essay on gender history.

#### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Describe the characteristic features of the historiography of the Mughal period.
- 25. How far colonialism influenced the development of Indian historiography?
- 26. Account the contributions of Romila Thapar to the historiography of India.
- 27. Examine the Marxist approach to Indian history.

(Pages: 2)

Name..... Reg. No.....

## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

#### History

#### HIS 1(2) C07-TOURISM IN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.

#### Section A (Short Notes)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- Cultural heritage.
- 3. International tourism
- 5. Dark Era of tourism.
- 7. Ibnbattutta.
- 9 World War II
- 11. Adventure tourism.
- 13. Multiplier effect. 15. Back water Tourism.

- 2. Basic concepts of tourism.
- Excursion.
- Fahsien.
- Travel accounts.
- Business Tourism.
- Eco tourism.
- Threat to natural habitats.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B (Short Essays)

Answer at least five questions. Each auestion carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- Explain the relation between history and tourism.
- What is the significance of domestic tourism?
- Analyze the historical background of tourism.

- 19. Write an essay on the religious tourism.
- 20. Explain the Industrial Revolution and its impacts on modern travel.
- 21. Briefly explain the developments of transport in the 20th century.
- 22. Write an essay on wildlife tourism.
- 23. Examine the positive impacts of tourism on Environment.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C (Long Essays)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Describe the various classification of tourism.
- 25. Analyze the impact of cultural tourism in India.
- 26. Write an essay on health tourism.
- 27. How far tourism generated employment opportunities?

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

#### History

#### HIS 1 (2) C06-HISTORY OF JOURNALISM-1

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum 80 Mark

#### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Clay tablets.
- 2. Doctrina Christa.
- 3. Johannes Guttenberg.
- 4. Relation.
- 5. Publick Occurrences.
- 6. Typography.
- 7. Nathaniel Butter.
- 8. The Peking Gazette.
- 9. Areopagitica.
- 10. CNN.
- 11. New York Times.
- 12. Joseph Pulitzer.
- 13. Sensationalism.
- PTI
- 15. Digitisation.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

Turn over

## 2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16 Give an account on the early forms of mass communication.
- 17. Examine the development of printing technology.
- 18. Assess the development of print journalism in England.
- 19. Analyse the emergence of print capitalism and its impact on journalism.
- 20. Trace out the role of press in American and French revolutions.
- 21. Assess the Journalistic career of William Randolph Hearst.
- 22. Evaluate the technological developments in modern print journalism.
- 23. Give an account on the development of print journalism in India.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Explain the primitive type of journalism practiced in different nations.
- 25. Assess the development of popular press through popular newspapers.
- 26. Give an account on the important international news agencies.
- 27. Analyse the contemporary trends in journalism.

(Pages: 2)

Name	
Reg. No	

## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

#### History

#### HIS 1(2) C 05-ARCHAEOLOGY IN INDIA I

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Carbon 14 dating.
- 2. Dendrochronology.
- 3. H.R. Rawlinson.
- 4. Antiquarian movement.
- 5. Magnetic survey.
- 6. Archaeology.
- 7. Treasure hunting.
- 8. Pseudo Archaeology.
- 9. Artifacts.
- 10. Comparative Archaeology
- 11. Srisailam project.
- 12. Nautical Archaeology
- 13. Tiruvattur.
- Photomosaics.
- 15. Nagarjunakonda.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## 2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Analyse the meaning of Archaeology.
- 17. Bring out the main features of artifacts.
- 18. Discuss the significance of "Thermoluminescence" in Archaeology.
- 19. Explain main characteristics of Archaeological excavation.
- 20. Discuss the different methods of Excavation.
- 21. Explain the political context of Archaeology.
- 22. What is Stratigraphy?
- 23. Discuss Ethno archaeological data for its Archaeologicl study

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Analyse the significance and value of different dating techniques in Archaeology.
- 25. Discuss the origin, evolution and development of Archaeology.
- 26. Critically examine the characteristic features and methods of archaeological excavation.
- 27. Discuss the details of Salvage Archaeology.

(Pages: 2)

Name.....

### SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 1(2) C 04-WEST ASIAN STUDIES-I

Time: Two Hours and a half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Turks.
- 3. Sunnis.
- Yasser Arafat.
- Gamal Abdul Nazar.
- 9. Baa'thism.
- Arab Nationalism.
   Young Turk Movement.
- 15. KAMALISM.

- 2. Judaism.
- 4. Mandate System.
- 5. Imperialism.
- 8. Zionism.
- 10. Jamaludhin Afghani.
- 12. Mohammed Abdu.
- Rasa Khan Shah.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions.
Each question carries 6 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Explain the geographical features of the Middle East.
- 17. Trace the development of ethnic groups in the Middle East.
- 18. Critically examine the activities of the PLO.
- Write a note on the British occupation of Egypt.

- 20. What is Suez Canal Crises?
- 21. Write a note on Khilafat Movement.
- 22. Give an account of the administrative reforms of Mustafa Kamal Pasha.
- 23. Describe the process of transformation of Iraq from Monarchy to Republic.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Trace the growth of Arab Socialism.
- 25. Discuss the impact of First World War on Turkey.
- 26. Examine the role of Wahabi Movement to the resurgence of Islamic World.
- 27. Write an essay on the contributions of Mohammed Rasa Pahlavi to the modernization of Iran.

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Name	
Reg. No	

## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021 History

HIS 1 (2) C03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—I
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

## HIS 1 (2) CO3—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—I

		1212	ODIC	MAD INICIONAL OF BRITAIN A
		(Multiple Choice Que	stions	for SDE Candidates)
1.	Which	among the following is not a politi	cal div	ision of the Island of Great Britain ?
		England.		CN
	(B)	Scotland.		, (0
	(C)	Wales.		
	(D)	Republic of Ireland.		CY
2.	The Isl	and country got the name Britain	From t	the Teutonic tribe called ———.
		Danes.	(B)	
	(C)	Anglo Saxons.	(D)	Brythons.
3.	The la	st pre-historic invaders of Britain	were -	
	(A)	The Celts.	(B)	Romans.
	(C)	Normans.	(D)	Danes.
4.		— was the first English poet.	1	
	(A)	Caedmon.	(B)	Edwin.
	(C)	Gregory.	(D)	Augustine.
5.	Alfred	the Great was the king of	<u> </u>	
	(A)	Northumbria.	(B)	Wessex.
	(C)	Mercia.	(D)	Essex.
6.	The Tr	eaty of Wedmore was between Alf	red the	Great and ———.
	(A)	Henry I.	(B)	Guthrum
	(C)	Edward I.	(D)	Charles I.
7.	The Do	omsday Book is connected with th	e king	
1	(A)	Sir Thomas More.	(B)	Queen Mary I.
	(C)	William the Conqueror.	(D)	Alfred the Great.
10				

8.	Thomas Becket was the Archbishop of ————.						
	(A)	London.	(B)	York.			
	(C)	Canterbury.	(D)	Aberdeen.			
9.	— agreed to the demands of the barons by signing a document known as the Mag Carta in 1215 Runnymede on the river Thames.						
	(A)	Richard I.	(B)	Henry II.			
	(C)	Edward VI.	(D)	King John.			
10.							
	(A)	Boccaccio.	(B)	Dante.			
	(C)	Petrarch.	(D)	John Wycliffe.			
11.	. Who was the English Homer ?						
	(A)	Geoffrey Chaucer.	(B)	Charles V.			
	(C)	Sir Thomas More.	(D)	William Shakespeare.			
12.	2. Jan Hus was a — priest ordained in 1401, who shared similar views with JohnWyclif						
	concerning the excesses of the medieval Catholic Church.						
	(A)	Bohemian.	(B)	France.			
	(C)	Genoa.	(D)	London.			
13.	. Elizabeth I was the daughter of						
	(A)	James I.	(B)	Henry VIII.			
	(C)	Charles V.	(D)	Sir Thomas More.			
14.	Who introduced the first printing press in England?						
	(A)	Sir Thomas More.	(B)	William Caxton.			
	(C)	John Milton.	(D)	Charles I.			
15.	Who w	as awarded the title of Defender of	the F	aith by the Pope ?			
. 1	(A)	Martin Luther.	(B)	Sir Thomas More.			
N	(C)	Henry VIII.	(D)	Charles I.			

16. The p	oilgrims in Chaucer's Prologue to th	e Can	terbury Tales go on a pilgrimage to the tomb of				
(A.	) St. John Francis.	(B)	St. Nicholas.				
(C	) St. Thomas a Becket.	(D)	St. Joseph.				
17. Chau	17. Chaucerian seven-line stanza in English poetry is also known as						
(A	) Decasyllabic lines.	(B)	Octosyllabic lines.				
(C	) Rime Royale.	(D)	Heroic Couplet.				
18. The S	18. The Statute of Labourers was enacted in English in ———.						
(A	) 1348.	(B)	1349.				
(C	) 1350.	(D)	1351.				
19. John	Wycliffe is called ———.						
(A	) The Morning star of Reformation	(B)	The Morning star of Resurrection.				
(C	) The Morning star of Restoration.	(D)	The Morning star of Redemption.				
	ast tale told by Parson on the last day a prose sermon on ————.	of pi	grimage in The Prologue to the Canterbury Tales				
(A	) Penitence, with emphasis upon the	ie sev	en sins.				
(B	) A contemporaneous tale, exploding	g the	impostures of alchemy.				
(C	A fable of why the crow is black.						
CHMY	) A tragic story of Appius and Virg	rinia.					

(Pages: 2)

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## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

#### History

HIS 1(2) C 03-SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN - I

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A (Short Answer Types)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Manor.
- 2. Crusades.
- Chivalry.
- 4. Spanish Armada.
- 5. Dooms day book.
- 6. Magna Carta.
- 7. Black death.
- 8. Lord and Vassal.
- 9. Mercantalism.
- 10. Knights.
- 11. Julius Caesar.
- 12. Elizabethan Church settlement.
- 13. Chaucer.
- 14. Albion.
- 15. John Wycliffe

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B (Paragraph Type Questions)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Point out the reasons of peasant revolts.
- 17. Trace the advent of Christianity in England.
- 18. Discuss the Anglo-Saxan conquest.
- 19. Give an account of Hundred years war.
- 20. Examine the impact of Norman conquest.
- 21. Write a note on Medieval towns and guilds.
- 22. Trace the origin and development of prose literature in England during the Elizabethan Age.
- 23. What were the effects of Black Death that occurred in 1348.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section C (Essay Types)

Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. How did crusades and hundred years war influence the society and culture of Britain?
- 25. What were the results of Anglo-Saxon conquest in England?
- 26. Analyse the features of Manorial system in England.
- 27. Give an estimate of the reformation in England.

## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

Reg. No.....

History

HIS 1(2) C02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500—I (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

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## HIS 1(2) C02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

				the religious approach to the humanistic approach
	to the p	problems of the world.		the rengious approach to the numariose approach
	(A)	Reformation.	(B)	Renaissance.
	(C)	Enlightenment.	(D)	Romanticism.
2.	In	Constantinople, the c	apita	of Eastern Roman Empire was captured by the
	Turks.			7,0
	(A)	1450.	(B)	1451.
	(C)	1452.	(D)	1453.
3.		was called "the Morning	star	of Renaissance".
	(A)	Dante.	(B)	Bacon.
	(C)	John Wycliff.	(D)	Thomas More.
4.		———— Canterbury Tales was w	ritter	by
	(A)	Shakespeare.	(B)	Erasmus.
	(C)	Chaucer.	(D)	Boccaccio.
5.	'Paradi	se Los't is the work of	7	
	(A)	Milton.	(B)	Boccaccio.
	(C)	Chaucer.	(D)	William Langland.
6.	Three e	eminent painters of renaissance pe	riod, ]	Leonardo Da Vinci, Michael Angelo and Raphael,
	belonge	ed to the school o	f pain	ting founded by Giotto.
	(A)	Florentine.	(B)	Venetian.
	(C)	Cambridge.	(D)	Oxford.
7.	The —			nich indicated direction and helped the daring r changed the very face of the Earth.
	(A)	Mariners Compass.	(B)	Barometer.
1,	(C)	Telescope.	(D)	Thermo meter.

8.	In his b	oook, "In praise of folly"		- bitterly denounced the worldliness and vulgarity
	of the c	hurchmen and ridiculed superstiti	on.	
	(A)	Thomas More.	(B)	Erasmus.
	(C)	Martin Luther.	(D)	John Whycliff.
9.	To expo	se the malpractice,	— wr	ote his famous 'Ninety Five Thesis' and nailed it on
	the chu	rch door of Wittenberg in 1517 A.	D.	
	(A)	Martin Luther.	(B)	John Wycliffe.
	(C)	Henry VIII.	(D)	John Huss.
10.			d Cult	tural Revolution which is usually associated with
	the 18th	<sup>h</sup> century.		, 0
	(A)	Renaissance.	(B)	Reformation.
	(C)	Enlightenment.	(D)	Romanticism.
11.	Vasco (	da Gama, the Portuguese navigat	or sai	led around the cape up the east coast of Africa,
	across 1	the Indian Ocean and landed at Ca	licut	in the year ————.
	(A)	1492.	(B)	1494.
	(C)	1496.	(D)	1498.
12.	In 1499	9 ———— landed in Amer	ica.	
	(A)	Vasco d agama.		
	(B)	Christopher Columbus.		
	(C)	Ferdinand Magellan.		
	(D)	Amerigo Vespucci.		
13.	The Be	lgian historian	formu	lated the theory of the 'revival of long distance
	trade' f	or the decline of feudalism.		
	(A)	Henrie Pirenne.	(B)	March Bloc.
	(C)	Arnold J Toyenbee.	(D)	Francis Bacon.
14.	The dea	ath of in 1603 A.l	O end	ed the glorious period of the Tudors.
11	(A)	Elizabeth I.	(B)	Elizabeth II.
~	(C)	Victoria I.	(D)	Victoria II.

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15.	Bills o	f Rights' was in the year ————		<del>_</del> .
	(A)	1688.	(B)	1689.
	(C)	1690.	(D)	1691.
16.	The cr	edit for establishing absolute mona	rchy i	n Prussia goes to ————.
	(A)	Henry VIII.	(B)	Frederick, the Great.
	(C)	Peter the Great.	(D)	Charles II.
17.		tried to bring the Russi	an Ort	hodox Church under his control by abolishing the
	office o	f the Patriarch and placed the chu	rch ur	der a committee known as Holy Synod.
	(A)	Henry VIII.	(B)	Frederick, the Great.
	(C)	Peter the Great.	(D)	Charles II.
18.	Whose	masterwork was Leviathan?		
	(A)	Francis Bacon.	(B)	Thomas Hobbes.
	(C)	Descartes.	(D)	Rousseau.
19.	The Dis	scourse on the Origin of Inequality	was	vritten by ———.
	(A)	Francis Bacon.	(B)	Thomas Hobbes.
	(C)	Descartes.	(D)	Rousseau.
20.	Who W	rote Philosophical Dictionary?		
	(A)	Voltaire.	(B)	Rousseau.
	(C)	Montesquieu.	(D)	Descartes.
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Name..... Reg. No.....

## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

#### History

HIS 1(2) C02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-1

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Divine Comedy.
- 3 Lutheranism
- 5. Mercantilism.
- 7. Ferdinand Magellan.
- 9. Declaration of Rights.

13. 1848 Revolution

- 11. Vienna Settlement.
- 15. Garibaldi.

- 2. Mona Lisa.
- 4. Ignatius of Lovola
- 6. John Locke 8. Stuarts.
- 10. Rousseau.
- George Washington.
- Mussolini.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All auestions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- Traces the background of the reformation of England.
- Write a note on Counter Reformation.
- Explain the significance of the geographical explorations in the field of trade and commerce.
- Discuss the results of the Glorious Revolution.

- 20. Analyze the philosophies and intellectual inspiration behind the French Revolution.
- 21. Assess the role of Napoleon to redrawing the political map of Europe.
- 22. Give an account of the Agrarian Revolution.
- 23. Trace the emergence of nationalism in Europe.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C (Essay Type)

## Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Bring out the features of the art, architecture and literature of the renaissance period.
- 25. Account on the role played by the new world views which legitimized the colonialism.
- 26. Write an essay on the impacts of Scientific Revolution.
- 27. Assess the role of Otto Von Bismarck to the unification of Germany.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

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(Pages: 4)

Name	
Reg. No	

# SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 1 (2) C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

## 2 HIS 1 (2) C01-MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)-I

		(Multiple Choice Ques	tions	for SDE Candidates)
1.	Dayan	tha Saraswathy founded ———	<b>-</b> .	
	(A)	Arya Samaj.	(B)	Prarthana Samaj.
	(C)	Aligarh Movement.	(D)	Brahma Samaj.
2.	Which	sect of Bhudhism flourished in Cey	lon ?	
	(A)	Mahayan.		, () <sup>1</sup>
	(B)	Hinayan.		
	(C)	Vajrayana.		, 0)
	(D)	Mahayana and hinayana equally	flour	ished.
3.	The D	rain Theory was propounded by :		
	(A)	Jawaharlal Nehru.	(B)	Dadabhai Naoroji.
	(C)	R. C. Dutt.	(D)	M. K. Gandhi.
4.	Hindu	college Calcutta founded by :	. \	
	(A)	Rajaram Mohan Roy.	(B)	Vivekanda.
	(C)	Syyed Ahmed khan.	(D)	None.
5.	India s	truggle for Independence is a book	edite	d by:
	(A)	Bipan Chandra	(B)	Satish Chandra.
	(C)	Sumit Sarkar.	(D)	None.
6.	Pandith	na Rama Bai belongs to		
	(A)	Karnataka.	(B)	Delhi.
	(C)	Bengal.	(D)	Kerala.
7.	How m	any branches of Home rule league	did B	al Gangadhar Tilak setup ?
1	(A)	6.	(B)	8.
1	1 "(C)	10	(D)	0

8.	Who said the following of the Indian National Congress; A safety valve for the escape of great and growing forces generated by our own actions was urgently needed?					
	(A)	A. O. Hume.	(B)	M. A. Jinnah.		
	(C)	Bal Ganghadhar Tilak.	(D)	Bipin Chandra pal.		
9.	Who pr	esided over the second session of I	NC?	, 10		
	(A)	Pherozeshah Metha.	<b>(B)</b>	A. O. Hume.		
	(C)	Dada bhai Naoroji.	(D)	Mahatma Gandhi.		
10.	Who w	as the Viceroy of India during Swa	deshi	Movement?		
	(A)	Lord Curzon.	(B)	Lord Irwin.		
	(C)	Lord Willingdon.	(D)	Lord Lansdowne.		
11.		nong the following opened Co opera during Sadeshi Movement?	tive s	tores and headed the Swadeshi Wastu Pracharini		
	(A)	Lala Lajpat Rai.	(B)	Syed Haider Raza.		
	(C)	Lokamanya Tilak.	(D)	Chidambaram Pillai.		
12.	Who w	as the president of Indin Natioanl	Congr	ess during Swadeshi movement ?		
	(A)	Dadabaha Naoroji.	(B)	A. O. Hume.		
	(C)	M. K. Gandhi.	(D)	B. G. Tilak.		
13.	Manga	Pandey was executed on :				
	(A)	9 th may 1857.	(B)	9 th may 1858.		
	(C)	9 th may 1890.	(D)	8 th April 1857.		
14.	Which	part of India witnessed the revolt o	f 185	7 ?		
	(A)	North India.	(B)	South India.		
	(C)	Eastern India.	(D)	North East.		
15.	The tre	aty of Sreerangapattanam was bet	ween	:		
1	(A)	Tipu and British.	(B)	Hyder and British.		
11	(C)	Tipu and French.	(D)	Hyder and French.		

16. The	e permanent settlement was introduced	d on :
(	A) 23 rd March 1792.	(B) 23 rd March 1793.
(	C) 23 rd March 1794.	(D) 23 rd March 1795.
17. Vel	u Thampi led a revolt against the Briti	ish in state of:  (B) Baroda.  (D) Mysore.
(,	A) Travancore.	(B) Baroda.
((	C) Hyderabad.	(D) Mysore.
18. Wha	at was the prominent reason of the out	t break of the Battle of Plassey?
(4	A) Mir Jafar.	(B) Mir Kasim.
((	C) Jagat Sait.	(D) None of them.
19. Who	ose tomb is at Bristol?	
(4	A) Rajaram Mohan Roy.	(B) William Bentik.
((	C) Vivekanda.	(D) None.
20. Shu	dhi movement was started by :	.03
(4)	A) Swami shraddhanand.	(B) Swami dayanand.
(0	C) Sree narayana guru.	(D) R. G. Ranade.
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## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

#### History

HIS 1 (2) C01-MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)-I

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- Ryotwari System.
- 2. Lord Dalhousie.
- 3. Mangal Pande.
- 4. Tantia Tope.
- 5. Jyotiba Phule.
- 6. Ramakrishna Mission.
- 7. Pandita Rama Bhai.
- 8. SNDP Yogam.
- 9. Dadabhai Naoroji.
- George Yule.
- 11. Drain Theory.
- 12. Lord Curzon.
- 13. Gopal Krishna Gokhale.
- 14. Swedeshi Movement.
- 15. India's Struggle for Independence.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

# 2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. What were the important results of the 1857 Revolt?
- 17. Discuss the historical significance of the Queen's Proclamation.
- 18. Account on the contributions of Swami Dayananda Swaraswathi.
- 19. Examine the factors that led to the emergence of nationalism.
- 20. Write a note on the Moderate Phase of the Indian National Congress.
- 21. Bring out the causes and courses of the Boycott Movement.
- 22. Examine the significance of the Lucknow Pact.
- 23. What were the factors that led to the formation of the Muslim League in 1906?

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section C (Essay Type )

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- Give an account of the methods adopted by the British East India Company in consolidating their power in India.
- 25. Trace the origin and growth of the Backward Class Movements in India.
- 26. Discuss the early activities of the Indian National Congress.
- 27. Assess the contributions of Bala Gangadhara to the freedom movement of India.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

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(Pages: 4)

Name	
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## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

# HIS 2B 02—TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
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## HIS 2B 02-TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

				101 020 0000
1.	In whi	ch year the Chipko Movement bega	ın ?	
	(A)	1970.	(B)	1982.
	(C)	1992.	(D)	1973.
2.	Accord	ling to C.A.Bayly, groups having all	legien	ce to a powerful patron is called :
	(A)	Subaltern.	(B)	Subgroup.
	(C)	Connexions.	(D)	Contributors.
3.	Subalt	tern studies first appeared as a rev	ision (	of the historical narratives of which country?
	(A)	Afghanistan.	(B)	Vietnam.
	(C)	India.	(D)	Chile.
4.	GHG st	tands for :		61,
	(A)	Green House Grant.	(B)	Green House Gas.
	(C)	Geographical House Grant.	(D)	Green Hosting Gear.
5.	Accordi	ing to Aryans, the indegenous peop	le of i	ndia were :
	(A)	Rakshasa.	(B)	Dasas and Dasyus.
	(C)	Dravida.	(D)	Kshatriya.
6.	Accordi cultures		of m	yths is ————, in order to study early
	(A)	Unnecessary.	(B)	Irrelevant.
	(C)	Necessary.	(D)	A burden.
7.	Who is	the author of Asoka and the Declin	e of N	lauryas?
	(A)	Bipan Chandra.	(B)	R. C. Majumdar.
	(C)	Romila Thapar.	( <b>D</b> )	Satish Chandra.
	1/2			

8.	When w	vas the Asiatic Society of Bengal w	as for	med ?
	(A)	1784.	(B)	1788.
	(C)	1885.	(D)	1761.
9.	Who is	the author of Asoka: The Buddhis	t Em	peror of India ?
	(A)	William Jones.	(B)	Alexander Cunningham.
	(C)	V. A. Smith.	(D)	Herman Hesse.
١٥.	Which	Magadhan ruler is known as Amit	rocha	tes?
	(A)	Samudragupta.	(B)	Bindusara.
	(C)	Asoka.	(D)	Chandragupta.
11.	Author	of Gendering Caste through a femi	nist l	ens is:
	(A)	Romila Thapar.	<b>(B)</b>	Uma Chakravarti.
	(C)	Annie Besant.	(D)	Sarojini Naidu.
12.	Which	one of the following vedic tribal ass	embli	es involved in the selection of the tribal chief?
	(A)	Sabha.	(B)	Samiti.
	(C)	Vidata.	(D)	Gana.
13.	Which	of the Vedas is partly in verse and	partly	in prose ?
	(A)	Rig.	<b>(B)</b>	Sama.
	(C)	Yajur.	(D)	Atharva.
14.	Which	of the following regions were not k	nown	to even the later vedic people ?
	(A)	The Kaveri Delta.	<b>(B)</b>	The two seas.
	(C)	The entire gangetic valley.	(D)	The Vindhyas.
15.	Who is	the author of historical work The C	holas	?
	(A)	D. D. Kosambi.	(B)	Champakalakshmi.
1	(C)	K.A. Nilakanta Sastri.	(D)	Charles Allan.
7,	,			

16.	Who is	the author of Mrichakatika?		
	(A)	Bharavi.	(B)	Sudraka.
	(C)	Bhasa.	(D)	Bana Bhatta.
17.	Romila	Thapar is a ———— histo	orian.	Bana Bhatta.  American.  British.
	(A)	Indian.	(B)	American.
	(C)	French.	(D)	British.
18.	Lumbii	ni the place at which Bhudha was b	orn is	British. s located in : Bihar.
	(A)	Nepal.	(B)	Bihar.
	(C)	Sikkim.	(D)	West Bengal.
19.	The Ma	ahabharata war was fought on the	plains	s of ————.
	(A)	Meerut.	(B)	Afghanistan.
	(C)	Kurushetra.	(D)	Lothal.
20.	The Ra	mayana was composed by the great	t sain	1,0
	(A)	Brahma.	(B)	Vasisht.
	(C)	Bana.	(D)	Valmik.
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## SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

#### History

#### HIS 2B 02-TRENDS IN INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Rajatarangini.
- 2. Puranas.
- 3. Harshacharita.
- 4. Kavyas.
- 5. Kitab-al-Hind.
- 6. Sheik Zainuddeen.
- 7. Indology.
- 8. Max Muller.
- 9. Great Men History.
- 10. K.A.N. Sastri.
- 11. Asiatic Mode of Production.
- 12. R. S. Sharma.
- 13. Uma Chakravati.
- 14. Anil Seal.
- 15. New Cambridge School.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Examine the historicity of the puranas.
- 17. Account the contributions of Ziauddin Barani.
- 18. Critically analyze the contributions of William Jones to the development of Indian historiography.
- 19. What do you know about oriental despotism?
- 20. Describe the features of Mughal historiography.
- 21. "K.P.Jaywal was a nationalist historian". Elucidate.
- 22. Examine the role of Ranajith Guha to the development of subaltern studies.
- 23. Write an essay on gender history.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Examine the features of historiography of the Sultanate period.
- 25. Write an essay on the nationalist historiography in India.
- 26. Discuss the Marxist approach to the historiography of India.
- 27. Bring out the contributions of Ramachandra Guha to the development of environmental history in India

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

(Pages: 2)

Name	
Reg. No	

#### SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

#### History

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- 2. Puranas.
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- 5. Kitab-al-Hind.
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 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

(Pages: 3)

Name..... Reg. No.....

## SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 1C 06 AND HIS 2C 06—HISTORY OF JOURNALISM-EARLY HISTORY OF

	JOURNALISM AND HISTORY OF JOURNALISM IN INDIA						
Time	: Thre	e Hours		Maximum: 80 Marks			
		Section	on A (Obje	ctive Type)			
		Answer the	following q	questions 1 to 12.			
1.	Who is	naugurated modern journalis	m in India ?				
	A.	Lord Northcliffe.	В.	St. Francis Xavier.			
	C.	Augustus Hicky.	D.	Johann Carlous.			
2.	Which	people of ancient civilisation	invented th	e art of writing?			
	A.	Mesopotamians.	В.	Chinese.			
	C.	Harappans.	D.	Sumerians.			
3.	Which	was the newspaper started b	y the Home	Rule Party in 1918?			
	A.	Young India.	В.	Yugantar.			
	C.	Ghadar.	D.	The Hindu Patriot.			
4.	Who fo	unded the newspaper Madra	s Courier ?				
	A.	Robert Knight.	В.	Richard Johnson.			
	C.	Madan Mohan Malaviya.	D.	Sir Pherozshah Mehta.			
Fill in	the Blar	nks :					
5.	The ea	rliest essay on the freedom of	press, Areo	pagitica is written by ————.			
6.	DTP st	ands for ———.					
7.	The ne	wspaper, The Pioneer was st	arted from A	Allahabad by ————.			
8.		is the father of mo	dern printir	ng.			

#### Section D (Essay)

#### Answer any two of the following.

- 29. Analyse the principles and functions of Journalism.
- 30. Discuss the emergence of modern journalism in the world context.
- 31. Assess the intervention of press in India's struggle for freedom.
- 32. Examine the British policy towards Indian press through various press acts.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Match the following:

9. Harish Chandra - Ghadar

Barindra Kumar Ghosh - Indian Sociologist.
 Lala Hardayal - The Hindu Patriot.

12. Shyamji Krishna Varma - Yugantar.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B (Short Answer)

Answer any seven of the following.

- 13. Define Journalism
- 14. Papyrus.
- 15. The Guardian.
- 16. Harijan.
- 17. Censorship.
- 18. Reuters.
- 19. Sambad Kaumudi.
- 20. Press Trust of India.
- 21. Commonweal.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C (Short Essay)

Answer any five of the following.

- 22. Explain the concept of 'Fourth Estate'.
- 23. Trace out the evolution and development of printing technology.
- 24. Analyse the development and impact of mass communication media.
- 25. Assess the Journalistic career of Joseph Pulitzer.
- 26. Discuss the beginning of regional language newspapers in India.
- 27. Give an account on the popular news agencies in India.
- 28. Evaluate the contributions of Ram Mohan Roy to Indian press movement.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

Name	
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## SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

н	istory
	OGY IN INDIA PRINCIPLES AND METHODS HISTORY OF ARCHAEOLOGY
Time : Three Hours	Maximum : 80 Marks
Section A (Objection A)	tive Type Questions)
Answer all t	welve questions.
Each question	n carries ½ mark.
Choose the correct answer:	
1. The three age system was put forward by	
(a) Ian Hodder.	(b) Christian Thomsen
(c) John Lubbeck.	(d) Schliemann.
2. Aegyptica (History of Egypt was written b	y:
(a) Strabo.	(b) Herodotus.
(c) Polybius.	(d) Manetho.
3. Which method is usually practiced to cond	uct an excavation in time of an emergency?
(a) Open stripping.	(b) Gridding.
(c) Quadrant method.	(d) Stratigraphic excavation.
4. The Quadrant method of excavation was i	nvented by :
(a) Gordon Childe.	(b) Bruce Trigger.
(c) A. E. Van Giffen.	(d) Lewis. R. Binford.
Fill in the Blanks :	
5. The book Time and Tradition was written	by ———.
6. The sequence dating method was develope	d by

- 7. The study which deals with different layers is -
- The Heiroglyphic script was deciphered by ———.

#### Match the following:

Flinders Petrie — Processual archaeology.

Gordon Childe — South Asian archaeology.

Allchins — European pre-history.

Leonard Clarke — Egypt.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B

2

Answer all the seven questions. Each question carries two marks.

- 13. Archaeology.
- 14. Assemblage.
- 15. Field Survey.
- 16. Trench.
- 17. Culture.
- 18. Humanism.
- 19. Mesopotamian cities.
- 20. H.D.Sankhalia.
- 21. Gender archaeology.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C

Answer any five short essays.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Trace the relationship of archaeology with History.
- 23. What is stratigraphy? How does it help an archaeologist?

- 24. What is fossil? Which are the different types of fossils?
- 25. Antiquarian movement is the base for the progress of archaeology-Substantiate.
- 26. Write a note on the discovery of ancient Stone Age cultures of the world.
- 27. Assess the contribution of Henreich Schliemann to archaeology.
- 28. How Napoleonic wars in Egypt helped for the progress of Egyptology?

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section D

## Answer any two of the essay questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Interdisciplinary approach is essential for an archaeological study-Discuss.
- 30. What is excavation? List out the different methods of excavation.
- 31. What are the different kinds of archaeology? Discuss any three.
- 32. Describe the various efforts of archaeologists to unravel the history of South India.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

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### SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

	History
HIS 1C 04 AND HIS 2C 04—WEST AS AND EMERGENCE	SIAN STUDIES—WEST ASIA IN TRANSITION OF MODERN WEST ASIA
Time: Three Hours	Maximum : 80 Marks
s	ection A
Answer the foll Each quest	owing questions 1 to 12. ion carries ½ mark.
Objective Type :	
1. The sick man of Europe :	
(a) Egypt.	(b) TURKEY.
(c) Palestine.	(d) Syria.
2. Khilafat movement was in Connection w	ith:
(a) First world war.	(b) Second world War.
(c) Wahabi Movement.	(d) Revolt of Arabi Pasha.
3. World Zionist Conference in :	
(a) 1945.	(b) 1897.
(c) 1906.	(d) 1908.
4. Pahlavi dynasty was founded:	
(a) Mohammed Rasa.	(b) Theodor Herzi.
(c) Chim Wizmann.	(d) William Peel.
Fill in the Blanks :	
5. Balfour Declaration is related to ———.	

Fill

- 7. The person known as Al-Afghani -
- 8. The water way connecting Mediterranean sea to Red sea ———

### Match the following:

9. Suez Canal

— Iraq.

10. Young Turk Movement

— 1869.

11. Amir Faisal

Palestine.

12. Royal Commission

**— 1908**.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B (Short Answer)

Answer any seven of the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

- Arab national cogress.
- 14. Kurd Republic in 1946.
- 15. Wahabi movement.
- 16. Young Turk Movement.
- 17. UNSCOP.
- 18. Rashid Ridha.
- 19. Tehran Conference.
- 20. Revolt of Arabi pasha.
- 21. Al Fatah.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Section C (Short Essay)

Answer any five of the following. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Write a short note on Turkish Rule in Palestine.
- 23. Explain the contributions of Chim Wizmann.

- 24. Analyse the importance of Mandatory system in Palestine.
- 25. Explain the impact of Khilafat movement.
- 26. What are the factors led to Arab Nationalism?
- 27. Explain the Importance of Suez Canal on Maritime Trade.
- 28. Role of Mustafa Kamal Pasha to modernise Turkey.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section D (Essay)

3

Answer any **two** of the following. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Discuss the geographical features and resources of Middle East.
- 30. Explain the factors led to the formation of the state Israel.
- 31. Critically evaluate the Impact of European Imperialism.
- 32. Explain the growth and development of World Zionist Movement and its Impact.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

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# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021 History

HIS 1C 03 AND HIS 2C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN
ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL PERIOD AND HISTORY OF TUDORS AND STUARTS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# HIS 1C 03 AND HIS 2C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL PERIOD AND HISTORY OF TUDORS AND STUARTS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	. Which among the following is not a part of Great Britain?				
	(A)	Wales.	(B)	Northern Ireland.	
	(C)	Republic of Ireland.	(D)	Scotland.	
2.	The las	st pre-historic invaders of Britain w	ere –		
	(A)	The Celts.	(B)	Romans.	
	(C)	Normans.	(D)	Danes.	
3.	Alfred	the Great was the king of -			
	(A)	Northumbria.	(B)	Wessex.	
	(C)	Mercia.	(D)	Essex.	
4.	The — Englan	conquest of England	d beg	an on 28 <sup>th</sup> September 1066 with the invasion of	
	(A)	Jutes.	(B)	Norman.	
			VI.	<b>Y</b>	
	(C)	Saxon.	(D)	Roman.	
5.	5. Noblemen had to swear an oath of loyalty to William known as ————.				
	(A)	Oath of Salisbury.	<b>(B)</b>	Oath of Canterbury.	
	(C)	Oath of Jerusalem.	(D)	Oath of Trent.	
6.	Who wa	as the ruler of England during the	third	crusade ?	
	(A)	Charles I.	(B)	Queen Mary I.	
	(C)	Richard I.	( <b>D</b> )	James II.	
7.		is best remembered for 2	The Co	anterbury Tales.	
	(A)	Geoffrey Chaucer.	(B)	Sir Thomas More.	
1	(C)	John Milton.	(D)	William Shakespeare.	
V	7				

о.	wnotr	ansiated the Bible from Latin to E	nglish	1?
	(A)	John Wycliffe.	(B)	Henry IV.
	(C)	Charles V.	(D)	Sir Thomas More.
9.	Who is	the author of the book 'England a	ınder	Tudors and Stuarts ?'
	(A)	Sir Thomas More.	(B)	Robert Raynes.
	(C)	John Milton.	(D)	William Shakespeare.
10.	The Re	formation in England under		was more of a political and personal movement
	(A)	Henry VIII.	(B)	Martin Luther.
	(C)	Queen Mary I.	(D)	Charles I.
11.		became the King of En	gland	after the death of his father Henry VII.
	(A)	Henry VIII.	(B)	Louis XII.
	(C)	Charles I.	(D)	Edward VI.
12.		came to the throne of E	nglan	d by the act of succession passed by Henry VIII.
	(A)	Edward VI.	(B)	Jane Grey.
	· (C)	Philip II.	(D)	Elizabeth I.
13.	In May	a massive invas	ion fle	et or 'Armada' sailed from the port of Lisbon.
	(A)	1588.	(B)	1592.
	(C)	1596.	(D)	1688.
14.		attempted to prove that	the s	un rather than the earth was at the center of the
	planeta	ry system.		
	(A)	Henry VIII.	(B)	Copernicus.
	(C)	Thomas Cromwell.	(D)	Martin Luther.
15.	the reig	was an English lawyer, s on of Henry VIII.	chola	r, writer, Member of Parliament and chancellor in
N	(A)	Sir Thomas More.	(B)	John Morton.
N	(C)	John Milton.	(D)	Francis Bacon.

16.	The te	rm "University Wits" was coined	by	, a 19 <sup>th</sup> century journalist.
	(A)	George Saintsbury.	(B)	Allardyce Nicoll.
	(C)	Edward Albert.	(D)	Christopher Marlowe.
17.	later o	was born in Stratford n 26 <sup>th</sup> April 1564.	-upon-A	von in Warwickshire and was baptized a few days
	(A)	William Shakespeare.	(B)	Robert Green.
	(C)	Henry VI.	(D)	Roger Ascham.
18.	The Fa	aerie Queene was the work of —		
	(A)	Edmund Spenser.	(B)	Robert Dudley.
	(C)	Arthur Lord Grey.	(D)	Walter Raleigh.
19.		, who called himself th	e Lord F	Protector (1653-1658), behaved like a dictator.
	(A)	William III.	(B)	Charles II.
	(C)	James I.	(D)	Oliver Cromwell.
20.		wrote Pilgrim's Progr	ess.	
	(A)	John Bunyan.	(B)	John Milton.
	(C)	Ben Johnson.	(D)	Samuel Johnson.
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## SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

			Histor	У	
HIS 1		AND HIS 2C 03—SOCIAL A D MEDIEVAL PERIOD ANI			
Time	: Three	e Hours			Maximum : 80 Marks
		Section A (Ol	ojective '	Type Questions)	
		Ansu	ver <b>all</b> qu	uestions.	
		Each que	stion car	ries ½ mark.	$\sim$
1.	In the	Battle of Erdington, Alfred the	Great def	feated;	0.
	(a)	Vikings.	(b)	Celts.	
	(c)	Normans.	(d)	Romans.	
2.	The No	orthumbarian King who summo	ned the S	Synod held at Whitby	in 664 A. D.:
	(a)	Penda.	(b)	Osway.	
	(c)	Edwin.	(d)	Paulinus.	
3.	Reform	ation Parliament was summone	ed by the	Tudor King :	
	(a)	Elizabeth I.	(b)	Henry VIII.	
	(c)	Henry VII.	(d)	Mary Tudor.	
4.	All for	Love is the masterpiece of :			
	(a)	Alexander Pope.	(b)	Joseph Addison.	
	(c)	Jonathan Swift.	(d)	John Dryden.	
Fill in t	he blan	ks:			
5.	The rei	gn of ——— saw the peak p	eriod of	the struggle between	King and Parliament.
6.	Novum	Organum is related to ———			
7.	Lollard	's were the followers of ———	<del></del> .		
8.	Magna	Carta was signed by King John	in the y	ear	

#### Section D (Essays)

Answer any two questions in 350 words each.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Point out the aftermath of Roman Conquest of Britain.
- 30. Describe the circumstances that lead to English Civil War.
- 31. Give an account of the impact of Renaissance in English Literature.
- 32. Discuss the reasons for the decline of Feudalism in England.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Match the following:

9. Battle of Poitiers

- Fairy Queen. English Civil War. 10. Middle English Poem

11. Edmund Spencer

Hundred Years War.

12. Battle of Preston

Pearl.

#### Section B (Short Answers)

Answer any seven questions in 50 words each. Each auestion carries 2 marks.

- Celts.
- 14. St. Alban.
- 15. Restoration Theatre.
- 16. Utopia.
- 17. Humanism.
- 18. Poor Laws.
- 19. Dooms Day Book.
- 20. Othello.
- 21. University of Bologna.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any five questions in 150 words each. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Bring out the impact of Norman Conquest on England.
- 23. Trace out the significance of Crusades in English history.
- 24. Give an account of the advent of Christianity in England.
- 25. Write a review of the works of Geoffrey Chaucer.
- 26. Give an account of social life in Elizabethan England.
- 27. Examine the development of Science and role of Isaac Newton.
- Assess the role of Oliver Cromwell as Lord Protector of England.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

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### SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

#### History

HIS 1C 02 AND HIS 2C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM AD 1500 MODERN WORLD IN TRANSITION - FROM AD 1500 AND CONSOLIDATION OF THE MODERN WORLD

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# HIS 1C 02 AND HIS 2C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM AD 1500 MODERN WORLD IN TRANSITION - FROM AD 1500 AND CONSOLIDATION OF THE MODERN WORLD

# (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	— brought about a transition from the religious approach to the humanistic approach to problems of the world.						
	(A)	Reformation.	(B)	Renaissance			
	(C)	Enlightenment.	(D)	Romanticism.			
2.	Before	the invention of the, Kno	wledg	ge was the privilege of the wealthy people.			
	(A)	Gun powder.	(B)	Mariner's Compass.			
	(C)	Printing press.	(D)	Computer.			
3.	Machi	avelli was the great political writer	of —	<u>-</u> 6)'			
	(A)	Italy.	(B)	France.			
	(C)	Germany.	(D)	England.			
1.		— 's well-known work is the "Mona	Lisa"				
	(A)	Boccaccio.	(B)	Petrarch.			
	(C)	Machiavelli.	(D)	Leonardo Davinci.			
5.	The ter	m Renaissance was first used by th	e Itali	an artist and critic ——— in his book 'The Lives			
•	of the A	rtists'.					
	(A)	Giorgio Vasari.	(B)	Robert Fulton.			
	(C)	Thomas Newcomend.	(D)	Corneille.			
i	7	<ul> <li>was "the Father of Modern Scien</li> </ul>	ce"				
N	(A)	Issac Newton.	<b>(B)</b>	Descartes.			
1	(C)	Roger Bacon.	(D)	Thucidides.			

7.	The invention of Gun Powder by —————revolutionized the art of warfare and became an important factor for the beginning of modern period.						
	(A)	Boccaccio.	(B)	William Harvey.			
	(C)	Roger Bacon.	(D)	Tetzel.			
8.		– coined the term "mercantile system	n" to d	escribe the system of political economy that sought			
	to enric	ch the country by restraining impor	rts an	d encouraging exports.			
	(A)	Alfred Marshal.	(B)	Adam Smith.			
	(C)	Dadabai Naoroji.	(D)	R. C. Dutt.			
9.		lgian historian ———— formulated of feudalism.	l the t	heory of the 'revival of long distance trade' for the			
	(A)	Henrie Pirenne.	(B)	March Bloc.			
	(C)	Arnold J. Toyenbee.	(D)	Francis Bacon.			
١٥.	The Di	scourse on the Origin of Inequality	was i	written by ———.			
	(A)	Francis Bacon.	(B)	Thomas Hobbes.			
	(C)	Descartes.	(D)	Rousseau.			
11.		— 'Spirit of the Laws' was first pub	lished	in 1753.			
	(A)	Voltaire's.	(B)	Edmund Burke's.			
	(C)	Lord Acton's.	(D)	Montesquieu's.			
2.	France	attained the height of glory under		who ruled for twelve years.			
	(A)	Louis XIV.	(B)	Louis XV.			
	(C)	Louis XVI.	(D)	Napoleon Bonaparte.			
13.	When h	nis ministers attempted to discuss a	ffairs	of the state with him merely remarked,			
	"After r	ne, the deluge."					
	(A)	Louis XII.	<b>(B)</b>	Louis XIV.			
1	(C)	Louis XV.	(D)	Napoleon Bonaparte.			
V							

14.	intelled		pedia'	which prepared the people for the Revolution
	(A)	Diderot.	(B)	Queen Marie Antoinette.
	(C)	Thomas Paine.	(D)	Count Mirabeau.
15.		— is regarded as the "Father of Par	liame	nt" of England.
	(A)	Simon-De-Montfort.	(B)	Henry III.
	(C)	King Edward.	(D)	James I.
16.		land ——— was succeeded by he autocrat.	is you	nger brother, James II in 1685, who ruled as an
	(A)	Charles II.	(B)	Henry III.
	(C)	King Edward.	(D)	James I.
17.	-	— was the first Prime Minister of I	Englai	nd.
	(A)	Gladstone.	(B)	Benjamin Disraeli.
	(C)	Lord Derby.	(D)	Sir Robert Walpole.
18.	In 1847	7, married Johanna von P	uttka	mer, who provided him with stability.
	(A)	Otto von Bismarck.	(B)	Benjamin Disraeli.
	(C)	Lord Derby.	(D)	Gladstone.
19.		, King Frederick Wilhelm IV appoin eration.	nted –	as Prussian representative to the German
	(A)	Benjamin Disraeli.	<b>(B)</b>	Otto von Bismarck.
	(C)	Lord Derby.	<b>(D)</b>	Gladstone.
20.		ustrian support ———— used the vig and Holstein from Denmark.	ехра	nded Prussian army to capture the provinces of
	(A)	Otto von Bismarck.	<b>(B)</b>	Charles Beard.
1	(C)	Arnold Toynbee.	(D)	Napoleon.

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# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

# History

HIS 1C 02 AND HIS 2C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM AD 1500 MODERN WORLD IN TRANSITION - FROM AD 1500 AND CONSOLIDATION OF THE MODERN WORLD

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Mark

# Section A

		Attempt all <b>twelve</b> Each question	-				
1.	. Who was the commander in chief of the American colonies in its fight against Britain?						
	a)	George Washington.	<b>b</b> )	Thomas Jefferson.			
	c)	Madison.	d)	Abraham Lincoln.			
2.	When d	lid Bastille Fort fall ?		00			
	a)	1789.	<b>b</b> )	1775.			
	c)	1688.	d)	1857.			
3.	Name	the author of Divine Comedy :	7				
	a)	Petrarch.	<b>b</b> )	Dante.			
	c)	Donatello.	d)	Voltaire.			
4.	Which	European explorer set foot for the fi	rst ti	me in the Strait of Good Hope?			
	a)	Magellan.	b)	Vasco de Gama.			
	c)	Bartholomew Diaz.	d)	James Cook.			
5.	Spinni	ng Jenny	- J	ames Hargreaves.			
6.	Cotton	Gin	- E	li Whitney.			
7.	Steam	Engine	- J	ames Watt.			
8.	Flying	Shuttle	- J	ohn Kay.			
9.	-	— founded Young Italy.					
1.	a)	Giuseppe Mazzini.	b)	Count Cavour.			
	c)	Victor Emmanuel.	d)	Garibaldi.	urn ovei		

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

			2	C 4251	
10.		won the Franco-Prus	sian war fough	nt in the year 1871.	
	a)	Austria.	b)	Prussia.	
	c)	France.	d)	Italy.	
11.		was the dynasty resto	red to French t	hrone as per the decisions in the Vienna Congress.	
	a)	Hapsburg.	b)	Stuart.	
	c)	Bourbon.	d)	Merovingian.	
12.		was the hero of the b	attle of Trafal	gar fought in the year 1805.	
	a)	Lord Nelson.	b)	Napoleon Bonaparte.	
	c)	Duke of Wellington.	c)	Cornwallis.	
				$(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$	
			Section	В	
		Attempt any seven que	stions given be	low in not more than 50 words.	
			h question carr		
13.	Leonard	do Da Vinci.	.<		
14	Lutharaniem				

Section C Attempt any five questions given below in not more than 150 words. Each question carries 6 marks. Discuss the major inventions in industries which propelled Industrial revolution

How did Count Cavour achieve the unification of Italy?

15. Strait of Good Hope. 16. Louis XIV. 17. John Locke. 18. Code Napoleon. 19. Carbonari. 20. Laissez-faire. 21. Dred Scott Decision.

- 24. Describe the causes of French Revolution of 1789.
- 25. Explain the causes of the emergence of nation states.
- 26. How did Italy emerge as the centre of Renaissance?
- 27. Examine Napoleon Bonaparte as an administrator.
- 28. Analyze the characteristics of Enlightenment.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section D

Attempt any two questions given below in not more than 350 words.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Examine the impact of Geographical Explorations.
- Both Industrial Revolution and French Revolution has tremendous influence in the transition from medieval to modern world. Explain.
- 31. Discuss the causes and impact of American Civil war.
- 32. Analyze the decline of feudalism as the harbinger of modern era.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 



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# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1867 TO THE PRESENT)
INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857-1885) AND INDIAN
NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885-1917)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

# INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857-1885) AND INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT-FIRST PHASE (1885-1917)

	NATIONAL MOVEMENT-FIRST PHASE (1885-1917)								
	(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)								
1.	1. The British military officer who captured Delhi during the 1857 revolt?								
	(A)	Hugh Ross.	(B)	Lt Hudsoon.					
	(C)	Nicholson.	(D)	Campell.					
2.	Manga	l Panday was Executed on :		, 0'					
	(A)	9th May 1857.	(B)	9th May 1858.					
	(C)	9th May 1890.	(D)	8th July 1857.					
3.	Hindu	College Calcutta was founded by		- A					
	(A)	Raja ram Mohan Roy.	(B)	Vivakanatha.					
	(C)	Syyed Ahmed Khan	(D)	None.					
4.	Which	part of India witnessed the revolt i	n 185	7 ?					
	(A)	North India.	(B)	South India.					
	(C)	Eastern India.	(D)	North east.					
5.	English	n Commander who led the Battle of	Buxa	ır:					
	(A)	Willington.	(B)	Clive.					
	(C)	Munroe.	(D)	None of the three.					
6.	Haider	rose to prominence due to :							
	(A)	Defeat of Marathas.	(B)	Weakness of Nizam.					
	(C)	Weakness of the Mughals.	(D)	All the Three.					
7.	The per	rmanent settlement was enforced o	n:						
	(A)	23rd March 1792.	(B)	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 1793.					
1,	(C)	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 1794.	( <b>D</b> )	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 1795.					
III	1								

8.	The Indian soldier who instigated the sepoys to the revolt of 1857 was:					
	(A)	Mangal Pandey.	<b>(B)</b>	Suresh Pandey.		
	(C)	Rmesh Pandey.	(D)	None of the three.		
9.	Who ca	lled the revolt of 1857 to be a 'Mut	iny o	f the Sepoy'?		
	(A)	John Lawrence	(B)	R.C.Majumdar.		
	(C)	Dr. Ishwari Prasad.	(D)	V.A. Smith.		
10.	Who b	ecame the Emperor of India during	the r	revolt of 1857 ?		
	(A)	Bahadur Shah II.	(B)	Tantio Tope.		
	(C)	Mangal Pande.	(D)	None.		
11.	Zamino	dari Association was launched in —		— in March 1838.		
	(A)	Madras.	(B)	Calcutta.		
	(C)	Bombay.	(D)	Kashmir.		
12.		st India Association was founded b	y ——	in 1866, in collaboration with Indians and		
	retired	British officials in London.	<			
	(A)	Dadabhai Naoroji.	(B)	Ramgopal Ghosh.		
	(C)	Peary chand mitra.	(D)	Krishnadas Pal.		
13.	Surend	ranath Banerjea was born in Nove	mber	10, 1848, ———		
	(A)	Calcutta.	(B)	Trivandrum.		
	(C)	Bangalore.	(D)	Orissa.		
14.	The Inc	lian National Congress was founde	d in I	December 1885 at ———.		
	(A)	Kolhapur.	(B)	Bombay.		
	(C)	Allahabad.	(D)	Cochin.		
15.	- "	Krishna Gokhale made his first a in 1899.	ppear	rance in the congress platform at the		
1/	(A)	Allahabad.	(B)	Kolhapur.		
M,	(C)	New Delhi.	(D)	Bombay.		

	laid the foundation of the 'serv	ants	of India society'.
(A)	Gopala Krishna Gokhale.	(B)	Surendranath Banerjea.
(C)	K.K. Mitra.	(D)	Prithwishchandra Ray.
On 12	th December ———— the partition	on of I	Bengal was cancelled.
(A)	1811.	(B)	1876.
(C)	1885.	(D)	1911.
		resu	ted in the founding of the Central Hindu College
(A)	Virendranath Chattopadhyaya.	(B)	Annie Besant's.
(C)	Bhupendranath Dutt.	(D)	Barkatulla.
		lia", cı	riticized British rule and was jailed for sedition.
(A)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	(B)	Annie Besant.
(C)	Mahatma Gandhi.	(D)	Veer Savarkar.
-		oduce	d the festivals like 'Ganesh Chaturthi and Shivaji
(A)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	(B)	Annie Besant.
(C)	Krishnamohan Bndyopadhyay.	(D)	Rashik Krishna Mallik.
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	(A) (C) (A) (C) (A) (C) (A) (C) (C) (A) (C) (C) (C) (To inspring (A)	(A) Gopala Krishna Gokhale. (C) K.K. Mitra. On 12th December ————————————————————————————————————	(A) Gopala Krishna Gokhale. (B) (C) K.K. Mitra. (D) On 12th December ————————————————————————————————————

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# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

#### History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)
INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857–1885) AND INDIAN
NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885–1917)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

### Section A

I. Answer all questions. Each question carries 1/2 mark :

# Винсн І

- 1 Who was the founder of Ghadar party.
- 2 The Viceroy who passed the Vernacular Press Act.
- 3 Who wrote the book Poverty and Un-British Rule in India.
- 4 "Swaraj is my birth right and I shall have it". Who made this statement?

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

## BUNCH II

- 5 Partition of Bengal was announced by
- 6 The Book 'Tuhfatul Muwahiddin' is written by —
- 7 Minto- Morley reforms was passed in the year —
- 8 Lucknow Pact was signed between and and —

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

BUNCH III

Match A with B

| Congress Sessions | Year |
| Congress Sessi

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

Turn over

#### Section B (Short Answer)

II. Answer any seven in 50 words each. Each question carries 2 marks :

13 SurendraNath Banerjee. 14 George Yule.

15 Boycott Programmes. 16 Indian Mirror.

17 Ilbert Bill. 18 LalaLajpatRai.

19 Separate Electorate. 20 Madam Bikaji Kama.

21 Chapaker Brothers.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

# Section C (Short Essay)

- III. Answer any five in 150 words. Each question carries 6 marks :
  - 22 Give a brief account on Swadesi Movement.
  - 23 Write a note on early political associations.
  - 24 Discuss the Lal-Bal-Pal leadership.
  - 25 Assess the formation of the Muslim League.
  - 26 Point out the main provisions of Minto Morley Reforms.
  - 27 Briefly mention the features of Arya Samaj.
  - 28. Assess the role of Bala GangadharTilak in the history of freedom struggle.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

# Section D (Essay)

- IV. Answer any two in 350 words. Each question carries 15 marks :
  - 29 Discuss the policies and programmes of Moderates.
  - 30 What is Drain theory? Assess the contribution of Dadabhai Naoroji in the field of Indian Nationalism.
  - 31 Evaluate the factors leading to the growth of Indian Nationalism.
  - 32 How far the socio-religious movement contributed the growth of Indian Nationalism.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 



Reg.	No

(India map to accompany)

# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

### HYD 2B 02-HISTORY OF THE EARLY INDIA

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

### Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all twelve questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

## Name the following:

- 1. The twenty third tirthankara of Jainism.
- 2. Author of the epic Kavya 'Kumarasambhava'.
- 3. Founder of Buddhism.
- 4. The greatest ruler of Rashtakutas.

#### Fill in the blanks:

- Eight Fold Path was the practice of \_\_\_\_\_ religion.
- 6. Arthasastra is written by
- 7. Simuka was the founder of dynasty.
- The Nayanars were the followers of God ————.

# Match the following:

9. A. L. Basham — An Introduction to the Study of Indian History.

Romila Thapar — The Wonder that was India.

11. D. D. Kosambi — Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India

R. S. Sharma — Early India: From the Origins to A.D.1300.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

# Section B (Short Answer)

Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Palaeolithic Age.
- 14. Great Bath.
- 15. Rig Veda.
- 16. PGW sites
- 17. Sabha and Samithi
- 18. Magadha.
- 19. Alvars
- 20. Vama and Jati.
- 21. Muventar.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

# Section C

Map Study-locate the following sites of the Indus Civilization.

- 22. Mohenjo-Daro.
- 23. Harappa.
- 24. Kalibangan.
- 25. Mathura.
- 26. Rupar.
- 27. Alamgirpur.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

# Section D (Short Essays)

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- 28. Write an essay on the features of Indus Valley Civilization.
- 29. Discuss the importance of archaeological sources in the history of ancient India.
- Give an account of the Philosophy of Jainism.

- 31. Examine the features of second urbanization.
- 32. Describe the features of land grants system under the Satavahanas.
- 33. Write an essay on the Roman trade in India.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

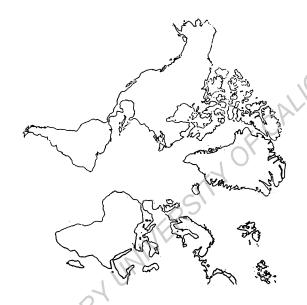
# Section E (Essays)

3

# Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 34. Describe the characteristic features of society and economy in the Later Vedic period.
- 35. Trace the growth and development of Buddhism in India.
- 36. Write an essay on the polity and society under the Mauryas.
- 37. How far early Tamil literature helped to the reconstruction of ancient Indian history.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 



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# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 2B 02—HISTORY OF THE EARLY WORLD (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

# INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- Ehe candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
   Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# HIS 2B 02—HISTORY OF THE EARLY WORLD (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

	(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)				
1.	1. Which is considered as oldest civilization of the world?				
	(A)	Mesopotamian Civilization.	(B)	Egyptian Civilization.	
	(C)	Harappa Civilization.	(D)	Chinese Civilization.	
2.	Who is	considered as the master of Greek	come	ly?	
	(A)	Aeschylus.	(B)	Sophocles.	
	(C)	Aristophanes.	(D)	Philip.	
3.	Who w	as among the famous Roman poets	?	, O'	
	(A)	Tacitus.	(B)	Pliny.	
	(C)	Virgil.	(D)	Marcus.	
4.	4. What do we call the period of Ancient Greece history that occurred before the Greeks introduced democracy?				
	(A)	Monarchy Period.	(B)	Hellenistic Period.	
	(C)	Classical Period.	(D)	Archaic Period.	
5.	5. What was the primary focus of much of the culture of the city of Athens?				
	(A)	War and fighting.	(B)	Athletics and competition.	
	(C)	Art and Education.	(D)	Power and Conquest.	
6.	What to	by was invented by the Greeks that	man	y children still play with today ?	
	(A)	Slinky	(B)	Kites.	
	(C)	Marbles.	(D)	Yo-yo.	
7.	7. The early civilizations of the Nile River Valley, Mesopotamia, and the Yellow River Valley were				
	similar because they were:				
	(A)	Industrialized societies.	(B)	Monotheistic.	
ľ	(C)	Dependent on fertile land.	(D)	Dependent on each other for trade.	
	4				

9. The Ancient Romans' most significant contribution to Europe has been in the area of:

(A) Economics.

(B) Poetry.

(B) Poetry.

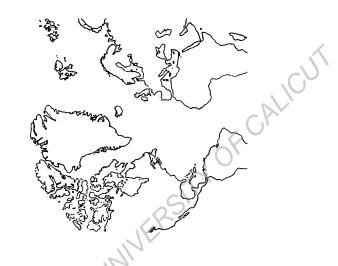
(D) Law

(A) All men were equal under the law. (B) Fines were preferable to corporal punishment. (C) Divisions existed between social classes. (D) Violence was always punished with violence.

(A) Economics.

(C) Drama

	(0)	(2) 22	
10.	The A	ncient Athenians are credited with :	
	(A)	Inventing and using the wheel.	
	(B)	Eliminating slavery.	
	(C)	Establishing governments that had democratic elements.	
	(D)	Inventing the printing press.	
11.	A majo	or contribution of the Roman Republic to Western European culture was the	::
	(A)	Concept of government by laws.	
	(B)	Belief that political power should be controlled by the military.	
	(C)	Establishment of agricultural communes.	
	(D)	Rejection of the concept of slavery	
12.	Which	societal condition was basic to the development of Greek philosophy?	
	(A)	Rigid social classes. (B) Emphasis on individualism.	
	(C)	Religious uniformity. (D) Mass education.	
13.	The An	cient Greek city-state of Sparta :	
	(A)	Was primarily concerned with the health of their people.	
N	(B)	Was a powerful military state.	
IJ,	(C)	Granted universal suffrage to their people.	
	(D)	Placed great emphasis on literature and the arts.	
			_
			Turn over



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	14.	Which	societal condition was basic to the	devel	opment of Greek philosophy and Renaissance art?
		(A)	Rigid social classes.	(B)	Emphasis on individualism.
		(C)	Religious uniformity.	(D)	Mass education.
	15. One similarity between the decline of the Roman Empire and the fall of the Manchu Dynasty that both initially led to:			n Empire and the fall of the Manchu Dynasty was	
		(A)	Improved economic conditions.		
		(B)	Democratically elected government	ıts.	
		(C)	Political chaos and decentralization	on of p	government.
		(D)	Major accomplishments in art, sci	ence,	and technology.
	16.	After 1	he fall of Rome, the eastern portion	of th	e Roman Empire became known as the :
		(A)	Persian Empire.	(B)	Byzantine Empire.
		(C)	Mongol Empire.	(D)	Gupta Empire.
	17.	Alexar	der the Great's conquests of Greece	, Asia	Minor, Egypt, and Persia led to :
		(A)	Spread of Hellenic culture.		73,
		(B)	Adoption of a feudai system.		
		(C)	Establishment of representative d	emoc	racy.
		(D)	Spread of Islamic culture through	out E	curope.
	18.	Why d	id the Europeans go Exploring duri	ing th	e 1400-1600 ?
		(A)	Conquer native lands and settle n	ew la	nds.
		(B)	To finds gold and spices.		
		(C)	They were looking for a passage to	the !	Indies.
		(D)	To convert natives to Christianity.		
	19.	What v	vas an Ancient Egyptian King called	d ?	
		(A)	Pharaoh.	<b>(B)</b>	King.
		(C)	God.	(D)	Governor.
	20.	Put the	Following ancient civilizations in or	rder f	rom oldest to most recent ?
	- 1	(A)	Ancient Egypt, Ancient Greece, An	cient	Rome.
	N	(B)	Ancient Rome, Ancient Greece, An	cient	Egypt.
~Y	1,	(C)	Ancient Egypt, Ancient Rome, Anc	ient (	Greece.
J,		(D)	Ancient Rome, Ancient Egypt, Anc	ient (	Greece.

(Pages : 2)

Name......Reg. No.....

(World map to be accompany)

# SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

# HIS 2B 02-HISTORY OF THE EARLY WORLD

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

# Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all twelve questions.

Each question carries 1/2 mark.

#### Name the following:

- 1. Author of the "Republic".
- 2. Father of History.
- 3. Who made Christianity as the official religion of the Roman Empire?
- 4. The meaning of Pax Romana:

# Fill in the blanks:

- 5. was the Greek goddess of wisdom, patrons of art and learning.
- 6. The first Olympic festival was held at
- 7. Justinian was a ----- emperor.
- 8. Historian Polybius belonged in ----- country.

## Match the following:

- 9. Tacitus The History of the Peloponnesian War.
- 10. Thucydides Anabasis.
- 11. Xenophon The Persian Wars.
- 12. Herodotus Germania.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

# Section B (Short Notes)

Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- Mesolithic Age.
   Greek religion.
  - Iliad and Odyssey.
     16. Pericles.

Turn over

17. Sappho.

18 Patricians

2

19. Justinian Code.

20. Vernaculars in Medieval Europe.

21. Thomas Aquinas.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C

# Map Study-Locate the important Bronze Age Cities.

- 22. China.
- 23. Byblos.
- 24. Egypt.
- 25. Assyria.
- 26. Athens.
- 27. Harappa.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

# Section D (Short Essays)

# Answer any four questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 28. Describe the features of the Egyptian Civilization.
- 29. Explain the causes leading to the decline and fall of the Greek city states.
- 30. Write an essay on the Athenian democracy.
- 31. Discuss the characteristic features of the Neolithic Age.
- 32. What were the important causes of the Punic Wars?
- 33. Examine the administrative reforms of Julius Caesar.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section E (Essays)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 34. What were the contributions made by the Greeks to enrich the civilization?
- 35. How far the Augustan Age considered as the Golden Age of Rome? Discuss.
- 36. Give an account of the achievements of Charlemagne to the Christianity in Rome.37. What were the important factors that led to the transition from ancient to the medieval period?
  - $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$