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		Reg. No

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

Statistics

STA 3C 03—PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS AND SAMPLING THEORY

(2019–2020 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

Use of Calculator and Statistical table are permitted.

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer at least **eight** questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 24.

- 1. Find the mean of a uniform random variable with possible values 1,2,3,4 and 5.
- 2. Define negative binomial distribution.
- 3. Obtain the m.g.f. of exponential distribution.
- 4. If X follow normal distribution with mean 10 and variance 9, find (i) P(X > 13); (ii) P(7 < X < 13).
- 5. Define parameter and statistic.
- 6. Define convergence in distribution.
- 7. State Central Limit theorem.
- 8. Define the terms (i) population; (ii) sampling frame.
- 9. Define simple random sampling.
- 10. Find the probability that the sample mean of a random sample of size 16 taken from a normal population with mean 2 and variance 4 is less than 1.
- 11. If X and Y are independent standard normal random variables, identify the probability distribution

of
$$\left[\frac{X-Y}{X+Y}\right]^2$$
.

12. Define *t*-distribution.

 $(8 \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Turn over

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Section B (Short Essay/Paragraph Type Questions)

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 5 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 25.

- 13. If the $(r-1)^{\text{th}}$, r^{th} , and $(r+1)^{\text{th}}$ central moments of X following binomial distribution with parameters n and p are, μ_{r-1} , μ_{r-1} and μ_r , show that $\mu_{r+1} = pq \left[nr \, \mu_{r-1} + \frac{d}{dp} \mu_r \right]$.
- 14. State and prove lack of memory property of exponential distribution.
- 15. State and prove Chebyshev's inequality.
- 16. Examine whether Weak Law of Large Numbers hold for the sequence of random variable $\{X_i\}$, where $P(X_i = \pm \sqrt{2i-1}) = \frac{1}{2}$.
- 17. State and prove Bernoulli's law of large numbers.
- 18. Explain cluster sampling.
- 19. A random sample of size 10 is taken from a normal population with mean 10 and unknown variance. If the sample variance are is 18.23, find the probabilities of the sample mean (i) less than 9; (ii) greater than 11.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type Questions)

Answer any **one** question. The question carries 11 marks.

- 20. (i) Show that odd order central moments of X following $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ are zeroes.
 - (ii) Prove that the mean deviation about the mean of X following $N(\mu,\sigma^2)$ is $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sigma$.
- 21. (i) Define Chi-square distribution. Obtain the m.g.f., of X following $\chi^2_{(n)}$.
 - (ii) State and prove the additive property of Chi-square distribution.

 $(1 \times 11 = 11 \text{ marks})$